**2017届山东省枣庄市东方国际学校九年级第一次月考英语试题（word版含解析）**

一、完形填空：先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后在每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。（20分）

Now more than 40 million (百万) foreigners around the world are learning Chinese, according to a report. The relationship (关系) between the United States and China is becoming 1 . It has really 2 the growth of Chinese language learning in the US.

I am Chris from the US. I am one of the many people learning 3 . I am studying at a Confucius institute (孔子学院) in New York. There are 10 4 in our class. Some are over 30 years old. Some are middle school students. Our Chinese teacher 5 Beijing. He often tells us some interesting things in China.

I think Chinese is 6 to learn. The biggest challenge for American learners is the writing. Chinese is 7 different from any other language in the world.

It will 8 me a lot of time to learn enough Chinese characters (汉字). But I think there are many advantages of spending time 9 the language. One big advantage is that it makes me see things from a different point of view, 10 Chinese is such a different language from English.

I think for American students the most important advantage is that learning a different language can open up their mind.

1. A. worse B. Poorer C. friendlier D. politer

2. A. stopped B. practiced C. started D. influenced（影响）

3. A. English B. Chinese C. French D. Japanese

4. A. students B. workers C. teachers D. volunteers

5. A. comes to B. leaves for C. goes around D. comes from

6. A. easy B. surprised C. difficult D. boring

7. A. slowly B. quickly C. easily D. completely

8. A. get B. take C. spend D. waste

9. A. on B. in C. at D. with

10. A. if B. because C. while D. when

【考点】学校生活类

【解析】本文讲述了一个外国的孩子学习汉语的经历以及他对于学习汉语的感受。他时孔子学院中的众多成员之一，汉语不好学，主要因为汉字不好写。要花费很多时间记忆汉字。  
语境理解考察。句意：中美关系更加的友好真的影响了美国学习汉语的增长。A. 更糟B. 更差劲C,更加友好D.更有礼貌的。故选C  
语境以及词汇含义考察。句意：中美关系更加的友好真的影响了美国学习汉语的增长。A.停止B.练习C.开始D.影响。故选D  
语境理解。句意： 我是那些许多学习汉语的人之一。A.英语B.汉语C.法语D.日语。故选B  
语境理解。句意：在我们班里有10个学生。A.学生B.工人C.老师D.志愿者。故选A  
固定搭配考察。句意：我们的老师来自于北京。A.来到B.离开去C.围绕D/来自于。故选D  
语境理解。句意：我认为汉语难学。与下句话呼应。A.容易的B.惊讶的C.难的D.令人厌倦的。故选C从。  
副词含义.句意：汉语与世界其他语言完全不同。A.慢的B.快的C.容易的D.完全的。故选D  
固定句型考察。做某事花费某人多长时间要用：It takes sb some time to do sth.故选B  
固定搭配。Spend  time on +n。句意：我认为花费时间学习这门语言有优势的。故选A  
连词考察。句意：一个大的优势就是它让我从不同的观点看待事物因为汉语与英语如此的不同。A.如果B.因为C.在期间D.当…的时候。故选B

【答案】CDBAD CDBAB

阅读理解（30分）

（A）

Several years ago, a television reporter was talking to three of the most important people in America. One was a very rich banker, another owned one of the largest companies in the world, and the third owned many buildings in the center of New York.  
 The reporter was talking to them about being important.  
 “How do we know if someone is really important?” the reporter asked the banker.  
 The banker thought for a few moments and then said, “I think anybody who is invited to the White House to meet the President of the United States is really important.”  
 The reporter then turned to the owner of the very large company. “Do you agree with that?” she asked.  
 The man shook his head, “No. I think the President invites a lot of people to the White House. You’d only be important if while you were visiting the President, there was a telephone call from the president of another country, and the President of the US said he was too busy to answer it.”  
 The reporter turned to the third man. “Do you think so?”  
 “No, I don’t.” he said. “I don’t think that makes the visitor important. That makes the President important.”  
 “Then what would make the visitor important?” the reporter and the other two men asked.  
 “Oh, I think if the visitor to the White House was talking to the President and the phone rang, and the President picked up the receiver, listened and then said, ‘it’s for you.’”  
11.This story happened in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
  A. England      B. America      C. Japan     D. Australia  
12.There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this passage.  
  A. two men and two women        B. three men and one woman  
  C. three women and one man       D. four women  
13.The banker thought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
  A. he was really important because he was a rich banker  
  B. the visitor to the White House was really important  
 C. the visitor who met the President of the United States in the White  House was really important.  
  D. the reporter was really important  
14.The owner of the very large company thought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. she was really important because she owned one of the largest companies  
B. the banker was really important.   
C. the owner of many buildings in the center of New York was really important  
D. the visitor would be really important if while he was visiting the President, the President would not answer any telephone call  
15.The owner of many buildings thought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. he was really important because he owned many buildings in the center of New York  
B. the owner of the very large company was really important  
C. the visitor was really important if he talking to the President and the President received a

telephone call for the visitor  
D. the person who worked in the White House was really important

【考点】日常生活类阅读

【解析】本文讲述了记者和三个伟大人物对于谁是重要的人物的问题进行了讨论，他们对于这个问题的答案各不相同。银行家认为，被邀进白宫的人是重要的。公司老板认为总统他拒绝接电话的人重要，房地产商认为总统替他接了电话的人是重要的。  
1.细节理解。根据第一段的Several years ago, a television reporter was talking to three of the most important people in America.故选B  
2.根据原文的对话可以知道，有三个男人和一个记者，故选B  
3.根据banker的语言：The banker thought for a few moments and then said, “I think anybody who is invited to the White House to meet the President of the United States is really important.”故选B  
4.根据You’d only be important if while you were visiting the President, there was a telephone call from the president of another country, and the President of the US said he was too busy to answer it.”故选D  
5.根据“Oh, I think if the visitor to the White House was talking to the President and the phone rang, and the President picked up the receiver, listened and then said, ‘it’s for you.’故选C

【答案】BBBDC

B

Billy Dengler, a 14-year-old boy, is in the eighth grade. A month after he was born, Billy’s mother, Terri, noticed that his eyes weren’t quite as big as a normal baby’s. She took Billy to the hospital, and the doctor said Billy would never be able to see.

Although Billy can’t see, he has never let that hold him back or make him different. Billy began teaching himself computer programming by using a screen reader when he was just seven years old. He is a certified Google developer (谷歌认证开发者) now. Google even tried to offer him a job last year when he discovered a problem in one of its systems, but Billy wasn’t old enough.

Billy’s dream school would be Stanford University or MIT, where he could get a very good education in computer science. After he leaves school, whether he will go to work at a company like Google or design a software company of his own is still to be decided. However, he says he will definitely (绝对地) do something great.

“It’s a sighted world,” Billy said. “You can’t let anything get in the way of your dreams, and if you do that, you can’t move forward and make your dreams come true.”

16. Billy’s mother found there was something wrong with Billy’s eyes when 　　　　.

A. he was 14 years old B. he left school

C. he was in the eighth grade D. he was a month old

17. Billy started to learn computer programming by himself with the help of 　　　　.

A. a screen reader B. his mother C. a computer D. his teacher

18. The underlined word “systems” means “　　　　” in Chinese.

A. 电脑 B. 系统 C. 机器 D. 计划

19. What will Billy do after school?

A. He will work for Google. B. He will open a company.

C. He has not decided on that. D. He will do nothing.

20. We can learn that 　　　　 from the passage.

A. blindness is not a big problem B. it’s easy to be a certified Google developer

C. nothing should get in the way of our dreams D. Billy is a student of Stanford University

【考点】人物传记／故事类阅读

【解析】本文讲述了一个孩子出生就是眼睛看不到但拒绝因为这个障碍阻碍自己对梦想的追求。他坚信任何东西不能阻碍你对梦想的追求的征途。  
1.细节理解。根据原文的A month after he was born, Billy’s mother, Terri, noticed that his eyes weren’t quite as big as a normal baby’s.故选D  
2.细节理解。根据第二段的Billy began teaching himself computer programming by using a screen reader when he was just seven years old.故选A  
3.词义猜测。Google even tried to offer him a job last year when he discovered a problem in one of itssystems,句意：谷歌去年想主动给他一份工作，但他发现了他们系统里个问题的时候。故选B  
4.细节理解。根据原文After he leaves school, whether he will go to work at a company like Google or design a software company of his own is still to be decided.故选C  
5.归纳理解。根据最后一段的You can’t let anything get in the way of your dreams，故选C

【答案】DABCC

C

Jack, a middle school student, used to work hard at all his lessons. He usually got up earliest and went to bed latest of the family. He hardly ever did outdoor activities. His parents worried about his health. They asked him to get relaxed by watching TV or playing sports, but he wouldn’t follow them. Finally, one day he fell ill and had to stay in hospital for several weeks. Now Jack is in poor health. Though he goes to school every day, he doesn’t do so well in his studies as before.

From Jack’s story, we can see that health is very important. If you become sick, you may not go on with your education, and then you can’t make your dreams come true. On the other hand, if you are strong, you can enjoy yourselves to do everything well.

Then how should you keep fit? First, you should spend some time exercising every day to keep fit. Second, you must go to bed and get up early. If you get up early, you can breathe fresh air (呼吸新鲜空气) and make your heads cleverer. In a word, health is no less important than working hard for us. So we should, on the one hand, work hard, and on the other hand, pay much attention to our health.

21. Jack used to be .

A. shy B. hard-working C. quiet D. athletic

22. Jack hardly ever in the past.

A. fell ill B. got up early C. went to sleep late D. did outdoor activities

23. Now Jack .

A. isn’t in good health B. has to stay at home

C. has to stay in hospital D. does as well in his studies as before

24. The underlined word “strong” means “ ” in Chinese.

A. 体弱的 B. 坚强的 C. 悲伤的 D. 强健的

25. What can we learn from the passage?

A. Jack hasn’t changed a lot. B. Jack used to be a good student.

C. Health is important to everyone. D. We should spend all our free time on our studies.

【考点】健康保健类阅读

【解析】本文由一则故事引出了文章的话题健康很重要，健康了我们就可以做很多的事情，否则我们什么也做不了，并提出了保持健康的几个建议。  
1.归纳理解。根据第一段他拒绝休息，早起晚睡的学习，故选B  
2.细节理解。根据He hardly ever did outdoor activities，故选D  
3.细节理解。根据原文Now Jack is in poor health，故选A  
4.词义猜测。 句意：另一方面，如果你强壮，你就可以快乐的做好一切事情。故选D  
5.归纳理解，全文围绕着健康很重要，故选C。

【答案】BDADC

第二卷

第一节、根据汉语提示和首字母填单词.（10分）

26. There are many t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ folk stories about this festival .

27.Learning is a l\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ journey because every day brings something new.

28. You should pay more a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to what you are learning.

29.Everyone is born with the a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to learn.

30.K\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (知识)comes from questioning.

31.There was a man l\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the ground so we went to help him.

32. We all like my English teacher because she is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (有耐心的)with us.

33.Studying grammar is one of my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (秘诀) of learning English.

34.The population(人口) of China has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(增加) quickly.

35.She like sports. She often take an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (积极的)part in sports games.

【考点】单词拼写

【解析】1.语境理解。句意：对于节日有很多传统的民间传说。故填traditional  
2.语境理解。句意：学习是一个终生的旅程因为每一天都带来新的东西。故填lifelong  
3.固定搭配。Pay attention to :注意。句意：你应该更多的注意你学习的东西。故填attention  
4.固定搭配。句意：每个人一出生就带着学习的能力。故填ability  
5.语境理解。句意：知识来自于疑问。故填Knowledge  
6.语境理解和非谓语动词。句意：有个人躺在地上所以我们过去帮助他。 故填lying  
7.词汇含义考察。句意：我们都喜欢我们的英语老师因为他对我们很耐心。故填patient  
8.词汇考察。秘密为secret,而且one of 后面必须加复数名词。故填secrets  
9.时态考察。完成时的结构是have/has +动词的过去分词。故填.increased  
10.固定搭配。积极参与：take an active part in ,句意：她喜欢运动，并且积极参与运动比赛。故填active

【答案】1. traditional 2. lifelong 3. attention 4. ability 5.Knowledge 6. lying7. patient  8. secrets  9. .increased 10. active

第二节、短文填空（10分）

Last year, I did not like my English class. Every class was like a bad dream. The teacher spoke too \_\_36\_\_\_( quick) that I did not understand her most of the time. I was afraid to ask questions because of my poor \_\_37\_(pronounce). I just \_\_38\_\_ (hide) behind my textbook and never said anything.

Then one day I watched an English movie\_\_39\_ (call)Toy Story. I \_\_40\_\_\_(fall) in love with this exciting and funny movie! So I began to watch other English movies, too. \_\_41\_\_I could not understand everything the characters said, their body language and the expressions on their faces helped me to get the meaning. I also realized I \_42\_\_(get) the meaning by listening for just the key words. My pronunciation improved as well by listening to the conversations in English movies. I discovered that listening to something interesting is the secret\_43\_ language learning. I also learned \_\_44\_\_(use) sentences like “It’s a piece of cake” or “It serves you right.” I did not understand these sentences at first. But because I wanted to understand the story, I looked them up in a dictionary.

Now I really enjoy my English class. I want to learn new words and more grammar so that I can have a better\_\_\_45\_\_\_(understand)of English movies.

【考点】用单词适当形式填空

【解析】本文讲述了一个学生的英语从上课时的不敢说话到通过观看英文影片，逐渐练习听英语说英语，逐渐培养了学习英语的兴趣，到最后的热爱英语。  
1.副词考察。修饰动词的要用副词。句意：老师说英语太快…故填 quickly  
2.名词考察。My poor+名词。句意：因为我的可怜的发音我害怕问问题。故填.pronunciation  
3.时态考察。语境用的是一般过去时，所以这儿也用一般过去时。句意：我藏在课本后面什么也不说。故填hid  
4.非谓语考察。句意：一天，我观看了一部被叫做Toy Story英语电影。故填called  
5.时态考察。语境为一般过去时，故填fell  
6.连词考察。句意：尽管我只.能理解人物说的部分的句子，他们的审题语言和面部表情帮我理解。故填Although  
7.时态考察。句意：我意识到了我也可以获得句子的意思通过听关键词来。故填 could get  
8.固定搭配考察。the secret to +n:…的秘密。句意：听有趣的东西时语言学习的秘密。故填to  
9.形容词考察。修饰名词的要用形容词，sentence为名词，所以前面的修饰语要用形容词，故填useful  
10.固定搭配考察。a better understanding of:对…的更好的理解。故填. understanding

【答案】1. quickly 2. pronunciation 3. hid  4. called  5. fell  6. Although 7. could get  8. to  9. useful  10. understanding

第三节：翻译（10分）

46.我没有一个和我练习英语的伙伴。

I don’t have a partner \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

47.我不知道如何提高我的阅读速度。

I don’t know how\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_my\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

48.人们开始了赏月和与家人共享月饼的传统习俗。（the tradition of）

49.我认为装扮成卡通人物很有趣。

I think it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_cartoon characters.

50.他赶快在花园里摆好她喜欢的水果和点心。

He quickly\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_her favorite fruits and dessert\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_.

【考点】完成句子

【解析】1.to do 做定语，与所修饰的名词是动宾关系，所以介词with不可以丢。故填to practice  with  
2.知道如何做某事：know  how to do .故填to increase, reading speed  
3.句子反应要用一般过去时。开始了…: ;started the tradition of 所以这个句子就是People started the tradition of admiring the moon and sharing mooncakes with their family.  
4.固定搭配：think  it +形容词+to do .扮演用dress up.故填fun ,dress up as  
5.摆放：lay out在花园里：in the garden.故填laid out ,in the garden

【答案】1. to practice  with  2. to increase, reading speed  3. People started the tradition of admiring the moon and sharing mooncakes with their family. 4. fun ,dress up as   5. laid out ,in the garden

第四节、改错。（10分）

短文改错 (共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分）  
假定英语课上老师要求间桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误。每句中最多有两处。错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号^，并在其下面写出该增加的词。删除：把多余的词用(\)划掉。修改：在错的词下画一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

Many would agree that when we think of Christmas, we probably think of gifts, Christmas trees and Santa Claus. But behind all these things lie the true meaning of Christmas: the important of sharing and giving love and joy to people around us. The story in A Christmas Carol is perhaps the better example of this.

A Christmas Carol is a famous novel is written by Charles Dickens. It is about an old man named Scrooge who never laughs or smiles. He is mean and only thinks about himself, and doesn’t treat other nicely. He just cares about whether he can make more money. And he hates Christmas. One Christmas Eve, Scrooge sees the ghost of Jacob Marley, his dead business partner. Marley used to be just like Scrooge, so he punished after he died. He warns Scrooge to change his ways if he doesn’t want to end up like him. He also tells Scrooge to expect three spirits visit him.

That night, three ghosts visit Scrooge. Last one, the Ghost of Christmas Yet to Come, takes him to the future. He sees that he is dead but nobody cares. Scrooge is so scary that he wakes up in his bed and finds out it is already the next morning on Christmas Day!

He decides to change he life and promises to be a better person. He now treats everyone with kindness and warmth, spread love and joy everywhere he goes. And that is

the true spirit of Christmas!

【考点】综合运用能力

【解析】主谓一致考察。behind all these things lie the true meaning of Christmas:是全倒装的句子。主语时后面的the true meaning of Christmas:，为单数形式，所以谓语要三单形式。故.lie---lies  
固定搭配考察。the importance of.所以important改成imporatnce.  
根据意思表达：在A Christmas Carol的故事里，这是最好的。因为有范围所以要用最高级。所以better---best.  
A Christmas Carol is a famous novel is written by Charles Dicken句子中有谓语动词is，所以be  written应该时非谓语动词，因此be去掉。  
固定搭配：对待他人：treat sb ,对待他人，要用others  
Marley used to be just like Scrooge, so he punished after he died：马力过去像Scrooge一样，因此受到了惩罚。被惩罚要用被动结构，所以要添加was,构成被动结构。  
固定搭配。expect sb to do .期待某人去做某事。所以在visit前加to  
That night, three ghosts visit Scrooge. Last one, the Ghost of Christmas Yet to Come, takes him to the future句子中一共是三个神，所以要用最高级，因此last 是最后的，为形容词，所以前面的the 不可以丢。所以添加the.  
Scary 用来描述物，scared用来描述人。Scrooge是人，所以将Scary改变成为scared.句意：Scrooge是如此的害怕以至于他在床上醒着，一直到第二天圣诞节的早晨。  
固定搭配。Change one’s life 改变一个人的人生。句意：他决定改变他的人生….，所以he改变成his  
非谓语考察。句意：他用爱心和温暖对待每一个人，走到哪儿都把爱传播和快乐。传播是句子主语发出的动作，所以要用spreading 做伴随状语。

【答案】1.lie---lies  2.important---importance  3.better—best  4.is去掉

5. other---others   6. punished---was punished  7. to visit 8. scary---scared

9. he ----his  10. spreading  11. last---the last

第五节、七选五。（10分）

My mother is a hard-working and kind woman. She is very busy from morning till night. As a teacher, she works hard. 61 Both my brother and I love her deeply as she loves us.

My mother has been teaching math at a middle school in my hometown. She goes to work early in the morning and does not return home until late in the afternoon. 62 She treats them with patience and teaches them well. For her excellent quality and very good teaching results, she has been elected as a model teacher several times.

63 Every day, when she comes back home from work, she sets about doing housework, sweeping the living room and bedrooms or cleaning the furniture, and putting everything in good order. She seems to be busy all the time. As she has been very busy working every day, she looks older than her age. But she looks as cheerful and happy as ever. Mother never buys expensive dresses for herself, but she often buys some inexpensive but high quality clothes for us. 64 She just eats a plain meal outside when she is too busy to cook herself. She lives a busy yet simple life, without any complaints.

Often she says to us, “work while you work, and play while you play. That is the way to be happy and gay. If you do not work, you will become lazy and be of no use to society”. What a piece of good advice this is! 65 This advice of hers will always serve as a guide to my behavior. My mother is great indeed, and I always feel proud of her.

A. She enjoys listening to classic music.

B. As a mother, she takes good care of us and gives us every comfort.

C. She loves her students and cares for them.

D. She never goes to expensive restaurants to enjoy meals.

E. My mother is hard-working and never wastes money.

F. I never forget it and always bear it in my mind.

G. Can you tell us something about your mother?

【考点】阅读还原

【解析】本文以一个孩子的身份讲述了一个作为老师的妈妈的生活。  
1. As a teacher, she works hard.   1   ，可以看作一个对应的句子，前面用的作为一个老师，她很你努力的工作；对应的是作为一个妈妈她照顾我们很好给我们安慰。故填B：作为一个妈妈，她照顾我们很好并给我们无微不至的关怀。  
2.根据第二段的主题讲述的是妈妈工作方面的事情。后句话中的them 指的是学生们，因此，该空中要提到学生。故填C：她热爱学生，关心学生。  
3.本段落讲述的是妈妈下班后做家务，以及不买贵的衣服。故填E:妈妈很勤快从不浪费钱。  
4.根据后面句子：妈妈太忙而无法做饭的时候吃的是简朴的菜。故填D：她从来不去大的餐馆用餐。  
5.上文提到的是妈妈给我的一个建议，故填F:我将永远不会忘记，牢记于心。

【答案】BCEDF