**2016年辽宁省丹东市中考英语真题（word版含答案）**

**★ 第一卷 客观题**

**Ⅰ.听录音，按要求完成任务。（请将符合题意的选项用2B铅笔涂在答题卡的相应位置上。每小题1分，共20分）**

1. **听录音，选图片。根据你所听到的句子选择与其意思相符的图片。（录音播放一遍）**

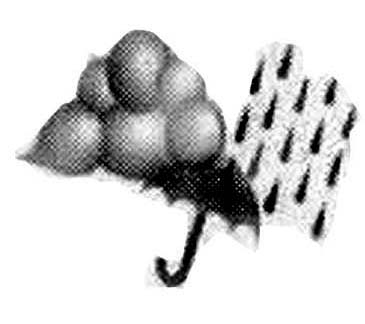


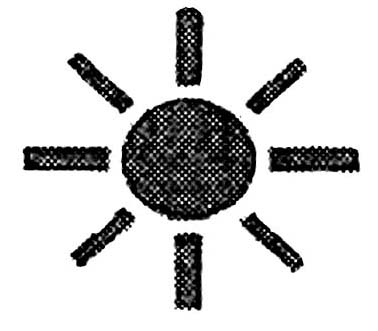




1.

A B C



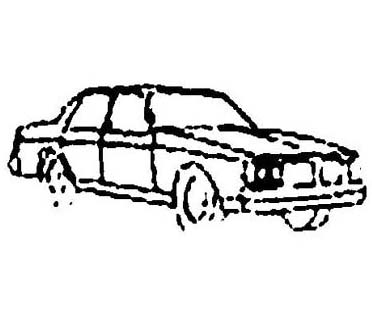






2.

A B C







3.

A B C







4.

A B C







5.

A B C

**(B) 听五组短对话，根据对话内容回答问题。（录音播放一遍）**

6. What would the man like for his daughter ?

A. A sweater. B. A skirt. C. A T-shirt.

7. Where is the post office?

A. Next to the zoo.

B. Next to the park.

C. Next to the bookstore.

8. Why did the man go to 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！Shenyang?

A. For shopping. B. For traveling. C. For a meeting.

9. What’s the man’s favorite subject?

A. English. B. Math. C. Physics.

10. What does the boy’s English teacher look like?

A. Handsome and tall.

B. Beautiful with long hair.

C. Beautiful with curly hair.

**(C) 听长对话，根据对话内容，选择最佳答案。（录音播放两遍）**

**听第一段对话，回答11至12小题**。

11. Where is the woman going?

A. Tianjin. B. Dalian. C. Dandong.

12. How is the woman going there?

A. By air. B. By ship. C. By train.

**听第二段对话，回答13至15小题。**

13. Why did the man stay at home the whole weekend?

A. Because it was windy.

B. Because it was sunny.

C. Because it was rainy.

14. What did the woman do last Saturday evening?

A. She went shopping.

B. She went for a walk.

C. She went to the movies.

15. What is the man going to do next weekend?

A. He is going to climb the mountains.

B. He is going fishing.

C. He is going swimming.

**(D) 听短文，回答问题。（录音播放两遍）**

16. What is Kang Kang like?

A. Shy. B. Outgoing. C. Quiet.

1学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！7. Which is one of Kang Kang’s hobbies?

A. Swimming. B. Skating. C. Singing.

18. When did Kang Kang begin to play soccer?

A. When he was 5 years old.

B. When he was 6 years old.

C. When he was 7 years old.

19. Who taught Kang Kang to play soccer?

A. His uncle. B. His father. C. His teacher.

20. When does Kang Kang usually play soccer?

A. On weekends. B. On Saturday. C. On Sunday.

**Ⅱ.单项选择**

**（从各题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案，并将符合题意的选项用2B铅笔涂在答题卡的相应位置上。每小题1分，共20分）**

21. —I like fast food for \_\_\_\_\_\_ breakfast.

—Me, too. I always have it with \_\_\_\_\_\_ cup of coffee.

A. a, a B. the, a C. /, the D. /, a

22. —Please be quiet. Our teacher is coming.

—It \_\_\_\_\_\_ be our teacher . She has gone to Beijing.

A. must B. may C. can’t D. mustn’t

23. —Why do you \_\_\_\_\_\_ so upset?

—Because I didn’t get the first place in the English competition.

A. look B. sound C. smell D. feel

24. —I want to call my mother. But I can’t find my mobile phone.

—Don’t worry. My sister’s phone is here. You can use \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. my B. mine C. hers D. her

25. —I have ever seen *Alice in Wonderland Ⅱ* (《爱丽丝梦游仙境Ⅱ》).

—When \_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

—Two weeks ago.

A. did you see it B. have you seen it C. do you see it D. will you see it

26. The math problem isn’t difficult, and most of the students can work it out \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. hardly B. easily C. simply D. impossibly

27. We must get up early \_\_\_\_\_\_ we can catch the first bus to school.

A. so that B. such that C. in order to D. in order

28. —We should go to school by bus instead of by car.

—Yeah, \_\_\_\_\_ cars we use, \_\_\_\_\_\_ pollution there will be.

A. fewer, less B. less, fewer C. the less, the fewer D. the fewer, the less

29. —What do you think of your English teacher?

—I like him very much. He is \_\_\_\_\_\_ kind \_\_\_\_\_\_ hard-working.

A. either, or B. neither, nor C. not, or D. not only, but also

30. —What kind of noodles would you like?

—I’d like some \_\_\_\_\_\_ noodles.

A. carrots B. beef C. potatoes D. vegetables

31. —Our mother’s birthday is coming. Do you want to buy a wallet or a scarf for her?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_. She just got a beautiful scarf last week.

A. Yes, I do B. No, I don’t C. A scarf D. A wallet

32. With the development of China, Chinese \_\_\_\_\_\_ by a large number of people in the world.

A. speaks B. is spoken C. speak D. is speaking

33. —Have you heard of TFBoys?

—Certainly. About \_\_\_\_\_\_ teenagers love them very much in our school.

A. hundreds B. two hundreds of C. two hundreds D. two hundred

34. —You never miss one minute in class.

—You know, we must listen to the teacher carefully \_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. take notes B. taking notes

C. to take notes D. takes notes

35. Some people are used to getting up late \_\_\_\_\_\_ a cold morning.

A. on B. in C. at D. of 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！

36. —Let’s go out for dinner.

—Great! But Clean-Up Day is two weeks from now. We can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_ making a plan.

A. take off B. see off C. put off D. cut off

37. —How was your last weekend?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_. It rained all the weekend. I had to stay at home.

A. Pretty good B. Terrible C. Not bad D. Great

38. Our geography teacher told us that the earth \_\_\_\_\_\_ the sun.

A. went around B. goes around C. is going around D. was going around

39. —Would you like to go for a walk with me?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_. But I have to clean the living room first.

A. Yes, I would B. No, I wouldn’t C. Sorry D. Yes, I’d love to

40. —We are going to take part in *Running Man.*

—\_\_\_\_\_\_ exciting news!

A. What B. What an C. How D. How an

**Ⅲ.完型填空**

**（根据短文内容，从A、B、C、D四个选项中选择一个最佳答案，使短文完整、正确，并将符合题意的选项用2B铅笔涂学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！在答题卡的相应位置上。每小题1分，共10分）**

It was a cold day in December in New York City. A little boy about 10 years old was standing in front of a shoe store on Green Street. He was 41 the windows, barefoot (赤脚的) and shivering (颤抖的) with cold. A lady walked to the boy and said, “My little boy, 42 are you doing?” “I am asking God to give me a pair of 43 .” the boy said.

The lady took 44 by the hand and went into the store. She asked the clerk to get a pair of socks for the boy. She then asked 45 the clerk could give her a basin (盆) of hot water and a towel (毛巾). The clerk quickly brought the things to her. She washed the boy’s little feet and dried them with the towel. After that, the lady 46 the socks for the boy, and then bought him a pair of shoes. She patted (轻拍) him on the head and said, “My little boy, are you feeling more 47 now?”

As she turned to go, the boy 48 her by the hand suddenly. With tears in his eyes, he answered the question 49 these words, “Are you God’s wife?” “No, I’m a mother.” said the woman.

The boy was moved deeply by the 50 words.

41. A. looking through B. looking up C. looking for D. looking after

42. A. how B. when C. what D. where

43. A. shorts B. shoes C. glasses D. trousers

44. A. her B. she C. he D. him

45. A. unless B. but C. if D. though

46. A. put on B. took off C. wore D. dressed

47. A. better B. worse C. surprised D. comfortable

48. A. gave B. caught C. told D. helped 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ 49. A. with B. to C. at D. by

50. A. God’s B. clerk’s C. woman’ s D. God’s wife’s

**Ⅳ.阅读理解**

**（根据短文内容，从每个题的四个选项中选择一个最佳答案，并将符合题意的选项用2B铅笔涂在答题卡的相应位置上。每小题1分，共20分）**

**Passage 1**

***Pack up and Fly away***

|  |
| --- |
| Hainan Island  Hainan Island is a wonderful place of sun, sand and sea. It is in the south of China. It’s famous for its underwater beauty. Tianyahaijiao is also very famous. It attracts lots of tourists around the world every year. |

|  |
| --- |
| Thailand  Thailand is in the heart of Southeast Asia. Its capital Bangkok has some of Thailand’s greatest buildings, like the Grand Palace (大皇宫). Chiang Mai (清迈) is a big city in Thailand. There are many historic temples (庙) there, such as the Wat Phra Singh temple. The temple has a history of over 500 years. |

|  |
| --- |
| Australia  This country is a land of beauty and diversity (多样性). It is famous for Sydney Opera and Ayers Rock (艾尔斯岩). Ayers Rock is 3,600 meters long and 348 meters high. What’s more, children can also see many animals here like koalas, kangaroos and sheep. |

|  |
| --- |
| South Korea’s Jeju Island (韩国济州岛)  As a volcanic (火山) island, Jeju once was chosen as one of the New Seven Wonders (奇迹) of Nature. Not only that, Jeju attracts children with its Teddy Bear Museum. There, people show historical events with teddy bears. |

51. The information above can’t be from \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a magazine B. a story book 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ C. a newspaper D. a tour guidebook

52. Hainan Island is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. in the Indian Ocean B. in Europe C. in the south of China D. in Africa

53. If you like historic temples, you can go to \_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. Hainan Island B. Thailand C. Australia D. South Korea’s Jeju Island

54. People in South Korea’s Jeju Island show historical events with \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. teddy bears B. toy cars C. heroes D. pictures

55. Australia is known for \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the Grand Palace and the Wat Phra Singh temple. 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！

B. Sydney Opera and Ayers Rock.

C. Tianyahaijiao and the underwater beauty. D. Teddy Bear Museum and a volcanic island.

**Passage 2**

Mrs. Brown lives in a small town in Australia. There is a big farm near the town.

On Saturday morning, she goes to her small shop. She opens the window of the shop and looks at the farm. It’s very beautiful. There are many cows, horses and small animals on the farm. Suddenly she sees a kangaroo with her baby. It’s interesting to see them! The mother kangaroo is wearing an old jacket. They stand there and look hungry. Mrs. Brown gives some bread to them. The kangaroos get it. Then they become happy and jump away. Suddenly a wallet drops on the floor from the jacket pocket. She picks it up, and finds ＄300 and a photo in it. That is a man’s photo with his name “John” on it. “John? I have a brother. His name is also John,” Mrs. Brown says. “Is this man my lost brother?” she thinks.

She takes the wallet with her and begins to look for the man. She asks many people in the town, and then she comes to the farm and asks the farmer. Hey! It is John, her lost brother. They are very happy to see each other.

56. What animals can Mrs. Brown see on the farm that morning?

A. Cows, horses and small animals. B. Cows, horses, small animals and a kangaroo with a baby.

C. Cows, horses and a kangaroo with her baby. D. Cows, horses, small animals and a kangaroo.

57. Why does Mrs. Brown give some bread to kangaroos?

A. Because she likes kangaroos very much.

B. Because the mother kangaroo is wearing an old jacket.

C. Because the mother kangaroo with her baby looks hungry.

D. Because she wants to find John.

58. What does Mrs. Brown find after the kangaroos jump away?

A. A wallet. B. A photo. C.＄300. D. A jacket.

59. How does Mrs. Brown find her lost brother, John?

A. By the wallet. B. By the kangaroo. 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ C. By the jacket. D. By the photo with his name. 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！

60. Where does Mrs. Brown find her lost brother?

A. In a shop. B. On a farm. C. In a town. D. In Australia.

**Passage 3**

Let me tell you something about sharks. Sharks are among the oldest animals in the world. There are over three hundred fifty different kinds of sharks in the world. Most sharks are about two meters long and live in the oceans.

A shark can smell somet学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！hing in the water, for example, the blood of animals. That helps them find their food. Sharks mainly eat fish, other sharks and plants in the ocean.

Most sharks bite (咬) people by mistake. They think a person is a large sea animal. When the sun goes down or comes up, sharks are looking for food. So at these times people shouldn’t go swimming in the ocean.

Today people kill sharks for food and their skin. The number of sharks in the world is dropping fast.

61. How many kinds of sharks are there in the world?

A. Less than 350. B. More than 350. C. About 200. D. Over 400.

62. What do sharks mainly eat in the ocean?

A. Fish, other sharks and plants. B. Fish and plants.

C. Other sharks and plants. D. Fish and other sharks.

63. Why do most sharks bite people by mistake?

A. Because they think a person is dangerous.

B. Because they think a person is a large sea animal.

C. Because they think a person can hurt them.

D. Because they think a person can take away their food.

64. Why shouldn’t people go swimming in the ocean when the sun goes down or comes up?

A. Sharks are everywhere at those times. B. Water is cold then.

C. Sharks are looking for food then. D. Sharks are looking for a person then.

65. How is the number of sharks in the world today?

A. It is dropping fast. B. It is rising fast.

C. It is not changing. 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ D. We don’t know.

**Passage 4**

**Dragon Head Raising Day: time for a haircut**

China is a country with many colorful days and festivals. The Dragon Head Raising Day (*Longtaitou*) is one of them.

This special day is on the second day of the second month in the Chinese lunar calendar (阴历). It stands for (代表) the start of spring and farming. This year, the day fell on March 10.

The dragon is important in Chinese culture. We Chinese people call ourselves the “descendants(传人) of the dragon”. Therefore, people celebrate th学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！e Dragon Head Raising Day with many customs about dragons.

On the day in ancient times, people put ashes (灰) in the kitchen. This was to “lead the dragon into the house”. People believed that with the help of the dragon, they could have a good harvest (收成) in autumn.

Also, people eat special foods on that day. The foods are usually named after dragons. For example, people eat “dragon whisker (细须)” noodles and dumplings called “dragon teeth”.

Today, many customs have faded away (消退). But one that has remained is the cutting of hair. It was said that a haircut during the first lunar month may bring bad luck to the mother’s brothers. So many people have their hair cut on the Dragon Head Raising Day.

66. The Dragon Head Raising Day is one of the \_\_\_\_\_\_ festivals.

A. English B. French C. Chinese D. American

67. \_\_\_\_\_\_ was the Dragon Head Raising Day this year.

A. March 10 B. February 2 C. March 4 D. March 8

68. On the day in ancient times, why did people put ashes in the kitchen?

A. Because the dragon liked the ashes. B. Because the ashes stood for the harvest.

C. Because the ashes led the dragon into the house. D. Because the ashes could bring good luck.

69. One custom that has remained is \_\_\_\_\_\_ according to the passage.

A. the cutting of hair B. the dragon boating C. to eat Zongzi D. to eat mooncakes

70. Which of the following is not true?

A. The Dragon Head Raising Day is on the second day of the second month in the Chinese lunar calendar.

B. The dragon is important in Chinese culture.

C. People eat “dragon whisker” noodles and dumplings called “dragon teeth” on the

Dragon Head Raising Day.

D. The Dragon Head Raising Day stands for the start of spring and harvest.

**Ⅴ.情景反应**

**（从方框中选择恰当的句子完成下面的对话，并将符合题意的选项用2B铅笔涂在答题卡的相应位置上。其中有两项多余。每小题1分，共5分）**

|  |
| --- |
| A. What’s the matter with you?  B. You should save pocket money.  C. Thanks for your advice.  D. Although she is wrong, it’s not a big deal.  E. What should I do?  F. Now she is still angry with me.  G. Could I borrow some money? |

A:You look so sad. 71

B: I argued with my mother. I spent too much pocket money(零用钱). 72

A: You should talk to her and say sorry.

B: Yes, I know I should. But it’s not easy.

A: It’s really difficult for parents to make money. 73

B: You are right. 74 What can I do to make her happy?

A: What about buying something useful for her by saving pocket money?

B: That sounds good. 75

**★ 第二卷 主观题**

**Ⅵ.补全对话**

**（在下面对话的空白处填上适当的话语，使对话完整。话语可能是句子、短语或单词。并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置上。每小题1分，共5分)**

A: Hello, this is Jack speaking in Beijing. May I 76 ?

B: Hey, this is Amy. 77 ?

A: I am visiting my aunt. I am calling to say good luck to you about your graduation exam.

B: 78 . Have you ever been to Badaling?

A: 79 . I went there yesterday.

B: 80 ?

A: I will be back in 6 days.

B: See you then.

A: OK, see you!

**Ⅶ.短文填空**

**（根据短文内容，从方框中选择适当的单词并用其正确形式填空，使短文内容完整。并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置上。每个词只能用一次，有两个多余词。每空1分，共10分）**

|  |
| --- |
| how our different toy pay on become better one between if spend |

Our clothes will become small with our growth. Some books and 81 will be not used any more. 82 will you deal with these old things? Don’t worry! Here’s a good way. Online shopping will help you. Online shopping is 83 more and more popular now.

We can bid (竞价) for the 84 goods (商品、货品) online, such as books, dolls, clothing and used cars. We can 85 less money on 86 goods. Also, we can sell the things well through the Internet. There are many world online market places 87 the Internet.

88 we want to buy or sell something online, we must become the mem学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ber of one of them 89 .

Let’s buy and sell things online. Let’s enjoy 90 online.

**Ⅷ.任务型阅读**

**（根据短文内容按要求完成任务，并将答案写在答题卡相应位置上。每小题2分，共20分）**

**(A) 根据短文内容简要回答下面的问题**

Mr. Black lives by the sea. He has a big family and has to work hard, or his wife and children will be hungry. After breakfast he leaves for the sea in a small boat every day. He always hopes to catch more fish.

One morning, the man got to a good place for fishing. He threw a long rope (绳) with many hooks (钩) into the water. He found it heavy and pulled the hooks out of the sea. He saw there was a gold chain (金链) on the hooks. He was of course very glad. “I’ll sell the gold chain for much money,” he thought to himself. “I’ll build a new house, and buy lots of expensive things. I’ll be the richest man in the world.”

His boat began to sink (下沉). But Mr. Black went on thinking and didn’t notice what was happening. As he was pulling the gold chain, the boat sank (下沉) into the sea. He lost not only the gold chain, but also his boat and life!

91. Where does Mr. Black live?

92. When does Mr. Black go to the sea?

93. What did Mr. Black see on the hooks?

94. What happened to the boat at last?

95. Did Mr. Black only lose his boat and the gold chain?

**(B) 根据短文内容完成句子（所填内容可能是单词、短语或句子）**

Brush your teeth every day, dentists say. In the south of Africa, some people brush their teeth with sticks first.

They keep a small stick in their mouth to chew (咀嚼) or scrub (洗刷) their teeth all day. People cut the sticks from trees. They are the African toothbrushes. People there are used to brushing their teeth with sticks.

Africans think the sticks work better than toothbrushes. The sticks come from nature, and it is said that there is something special about them. The special thing may stop many kinds of tooth problems. “If you have a bad tooth, it is a medicine,” said Diop, a seller in Africa.

The sticks also cost less than toothbrushes.

In Senegal (塞内加尔), the chewing stick is called “sothio”. It means “to clean” in their language. In east Africa, the stick is called “mswaki”. It’s their word for “toothbrush”.

Nowadays, some nice health stores in the United States start to sell chewing sticks. They think that the stick is natural kind of tooth care.

96. Some people brush their teeth with sticks first according to the passage.

97. Africans keep in their mouth to chew or scrub their teeth all day.

98. The sticks than toothbrushes.

99. “Sothio” means “ ” in Senegal’s language.

100. The special thing in the sticks may help .

**Ⅸ.句子翻译（101—106题每小题1分，107—113题每小题2分，共20分）**

**(A)根据所给中文完成句子翻译，并将其答案写在答题卡的相应位置上。**

101. 过去我们学校周围有许多树。

There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many trees around our school.

102. 刚才谁想出的这个好主意？

Who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the good idea just now?

103. 在字典中查阅新单词是个好习惯。

It’s a good habit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the new words in a dictionary.

104. 大连的天气与丹东的天气一样凉爽吗？

Is the weather in Dalian \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that in Dandong？

105. 据我所知，汤姆已离开两周了。

As far as I know, Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for two weeks.

106. 如果明天不下雨，我的家人将去野餐。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , my family will go for a picnic.

107. 这个足球属于我。

108. 请遵守学校的规章制度。

109. 他年龄够大了，可以上学了。

110. 到上英语课的时间了！

111. 你能告诉我他怎么了?

(**B**)**阅读下面短文，将短文中划线部分的句子翻译成中文，并将其答案写在答题卡的相应位置上。**

What is the most important thing in the world? I think it is health. You can take away our money, house, car, or even our clothes and we can survive (生存). But 112. if our health is taken away, we will surely die. This is why we always try to eat in a healthy way and exercise regularly.

113. Taking exercise every day helps us build a strong body. We should do sports for half an hour or forty minutes every morning or every evening, such as going for a walk, playing basketball or football, swimming and so on.

To keep healthy, I have another idea: don’t overwork. Too much work will be bad for you.

**Ⅹ.书面表达（将答案写在答题卡的相应位置上。共20分）**

**114.根据要求完成小作文（5分）**

盛夏来临，一杯奶昔可以为你带来清凉和愉悦。请你描述一下制作一份草莓奶昔的过程。

要求：词数30左右（开头已给出，不计入总词数）。

参考词：blender 食物搅拌器；pour …into … 把…倒入…

How to make a strawberry milk shake? Let me tell you. First, wash the strawberries. \_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**115.根据要求完成大作文（15分）**

在你的成长过程中，许多人、许多事物一直在陪伴着你、支持着你、温暖着你，让你感动、伴你成长。请以 “Say thanks to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”为题，写一篇短文。

要求： 1. 写出要感谢的对象、原因及感激语言；

2. 语言表达准确，语意通顺、连贯；

3. 词数70左右，书写工整、规范；

4. 文中不得出现真实姓名、校名和地名。

**参考答案**

第一卷客观题（共75分，每小题1分）

I.听力部分

(A) 1-5. ACABC (B) 6-10. ABCBB (C) 11-15. ACCCA (D) 16-20. BCBBA

II.单项选择

21-25. DCACA 26-30. BADDB 31-35. DBDCA 36-40. CBBDA

III.完形填空

41-45. ACBDC 46-50. ADBAC

IV.阅读理解

51-55. BCBAB 56-60. BCADB 61-65. BABCA 66-70. CACAD

V.情景反应

71-75. AEBFC

第二卷 主观题 （共75分）

VI.补全对话（每小题1分，大小写错误不扣分，单词两处错误扣1分）

76. speak to Amy

77. What are you doing (there/ in Beijing)

78. Thanks( a lot)/ Thank you (very much)/Many thanks

79. Yes / Yes, I have

80. How soon will you be back （此题必须写完整回答）

VII.短文填空（每小题1分）

81.toys 82. How 83. becoming 84. different 85. spend

86. better 87. on 88. If 89. first 90. ourselves

VIII.任务型阅读（每小题2分，大小写错误不扣分，符合题意可得满分，缺少内容适当扣分）

**(A)**. 91. He lives by the sea. / By the sea.

92. He goes to the sea after breakfast (every day). / After breakfast (every day).

93. He saw a gold chain. / A gold chain.

94. It sank (into the sea).

95. No. / No, he didn’t.

**(B).** 96. in the south of Africa

97. a small stick

98. work better and cost less

99. to clean

100. (to) stop( many kinds of )tooth problems

IX. 句子翻译

1. 根据所给中文完成句子翻译(101-106每小题1分，107-111每小题2分，单词错误2处扣1分，语法错误一处扣一半分)

101. used to be

102. came up with/thought of

103. to look up

104. as cool as

105. has been away

106.If it doesn’t rain tomorrow

107.The/This soccer / football belongs to me. (…is mine 不给分)

108. Please follow /obey /keep the school rules.

109. He is old enough to go to school. (…so…that…也可)

110. It’s time to have an English class / lesson. (It’s time for an…也可)

111. Can/Could you tell me what’s wrong /the matter with him /what happened to him

what was wrong/ the matter with him?

(B)阅读短文，将短文中划线部分的句子译成中文（每小题2分，译文符合题意可得满分，意思不完整可酌情扣分。）

112.如果我们失去了健康，我们将必死无疑。

113.每天锻炼有助于我们增强体质/练就强壮体魄。

X.书面表达

114.小作文

115.大作文

作文：

1. 单词错误三处扣1分；

2. 语法错误两处扣1分；

3. 小作文只要符合语境、语言规律, 均可得分。

大作文分四档：

1. 一档作文：13-15分，书写工整、规范，内容丰富，语言流畅，条理清晰，无语法错误、单词拼写错误或错误极少；

2. 二档作文：10-12分，书写比较工整，内容比较丰富，语言流畅，条理清晰，有少量语法及单词错误；

3. 三档作文：6-9分， 书写不够工整， 内容不够丰富，语言不够流畅，条理不够清晰，有部分语法及单词错误；

4. 四档作文：0-5分， 字迹潦草， 内容不丰富，语言不流畅，条理不清晰，有很多语法及单词错误。

注：主观试题属开放性试题，答题只要符合题意及语言规律均可酌情给分。