**第一部分 听力部分（30分）一、听句子，选图画．根据每句话的内容，从AB.C 三幅图画中选出符合句子内容的最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置．听完每个句子后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一个小题．每个句子读两遍．（共5小题，每小题1.5分，共7.5分）**

1．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）

【考点】14：听录音选图．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

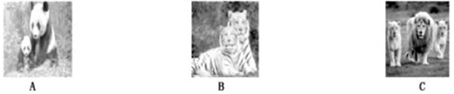
2．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）

【考点】14：听录音选图．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

3．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）

【考点】14：听录音选图．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

4．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）

【考点】14：听录音选图．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

5．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）

【考点】14：听录音选图．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

**二、听下面5段对话．根据每段对话的内容和所给出的问题，从题中所给的A 、B.C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置．听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一个小题．每段对话读两遍．（共5小题，每小题1.5 分，共7.5分）**

6．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）What does Peter's brother do？

A．A teacher

B．A doctor

C．A worker．

【考点】15：短对话理解．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

7．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Which season does Tim like best？

A．Autumn

B．Sumner

C．Spring．

【考点】15：短对话理解．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

8．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Where is the woman from？

A．China

B．France

C．America．

【考点】15：短对话理解．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

9．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）How much will the man pay for the room？

A．￥180

B．￥360

C．￥540．

【考点】15：短对话理解．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

10．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）What was the man's middle school life like？

A．Boring．

B．His teachers didn't like him．

C．Wonderful．

【考点】15：短对话理解．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

**三、短文理解．根据你所听到的短文内容，从题中所给的A 、B.C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置．听短文前，你将有时间阅读各小题，每小题5 秒钟，听完后，各小题将给出5 秒钟的作答时间．短文读三遍．（共2小题，每小题1.5 分，共15 分）**

11．（7.5分）（2017•贵州）听第11段材料，回答11至15小题．

11．It was　略　 afternoon．

A．Tuesday

B．Thursday

C．Monday

12．It was　略　 outside．

A．sunny

B．raining

C．snowing

13．In class everyone was busy　略　．

A．drawing pictures

B．doing some reading

C．doing some writing

14．Tom was doing　略　．

A．nothing

B．something interesting

C．something important

l5．The teacher looked at Tom's picture and got

A．exciting

B．happy

C．angry．

【考点】16：短文理解．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

16．（7.5分）（2017•贵州）听第12 段材料，回答16 至20小题．

16．What is the foreign student's name in my class？

A．Jane Black

B．Amy Black

C．Jenny Black

17．Where is she from？

A．New York

B．Paris

C．London

18．What did she begin to learn when she came to China？

A．English

B．Chinese

C．French

19．Is Amy Black outgoing or shy？

A．Shy

B．Outgoing and shy

C．Outgoing

20．What is Amy Black going to do at the Music Festival next month？

A．Play the violin．

B．Play the guitar．

C．Play the piano．

【考点】16：短文理解．

【分析】略

【解答】略

【点评】略

**第二部分 笔试部分（ 120 分）四、单项选择题．（共5小题，每小题1.5分，共30分） 1） 从ABC.D 四个选项中选出与所给句子划线部分意义相同或相近且能代替选项．（共5小题，每小题1.5 分，共7.5 分）**

21．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Kate is good at dancing．（　　）

A．do well in B．does well in

C．is interested in D．is good for

【考点】35：同义词、近义词的辨析．

【分析】凯特擅长跳舞．

【解答】答案：B考查同义词、近义词的辨析．句意：凯特擅长跳舞．do well in擅长，does well in擅长，does是do的第三人称单数形式；is interested in对…感兴趣；is good for对…有好处．根据题干Kate is good at dancing．可知is good at 意为擅长，这里主语是kate，第三人称单数形式，后接动词的第三人称单数形式，结合选项，故选B．

【点评】理解各个选项的含义，仔细分析句子的内容，根据具体内容作答．

22．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Sorry，Mr．Liu，I didn't understand what you said just now，could you please repeat it？（　　）

A．read it again B．listen to it again

C．say it again D．write it again

【考点】35：同义词、近义词的辨析．

【分析】对不起，刘先生，我不明白你刚才说了什么．你能重复一遍吗？

【解答】答案：C 考查同义词、近义词的辨析．句意：对不起，刘先生，我不明白你刚才说了什么．你能重复一遍吗？read it again再读一遍；listen to it again再听一遍；say it again再说一遍；write it again再写一遍．根据题干could you please repeat it？可知这里repeat it指再说一遍，结合选项，故选C．

【点评】理解各个选项的含义，仔细分析句子的内容，根据具体内容作答．

23．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）He came up with a good idea to solve the problem．（　　）

A．catch up with B．thought of

C．think of D．find

【考点】35：同义词、近义词的辨析．

【分析】他提出了一个好办法来解决这个问题

【解答】答案：B考查同义词、近义词的辨析．句意：他提出了一个好办法来解决这个问题．catch up with追上；thought of想出；think of想起；find发现．根据题干He came up with a good idea to solve the problem．可知came up with意为提出、想出，句子是一般过去时，结合选项，thought是think的过去式，故选B．

【点评】理解各个选项的含义，仔细分析句子的内容，根据具体内容作答．

24．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）﹣Excuse me，Li Sisi，what is the meaning of"the Belt and Road Initiative"（一带一路） of China？

﹣Sorry，Nancy，I have no idea about it，but we can learn it on Internet together，（　　）

A．I don't know． B．I don't think so．

C．I don't think of it． D．I can't remember it．

【考点】35：同义词、近义词的辨析．

【分析】﹣﹣打扰一下，李思思，中国的"一带一路倡议"的含义是什么？﹣﹣对不起，南希．我不知道．但是我们可以一起在网上学习．

【解答】答案：A考查同义词、近义词的辨析．句意：﹣﹣打扰一下，李思思，中国的"一带一路倡议"的含义是什么？﹣﹣对不起，南希．我不知道．但是我们可以一起在网上学习．I don't know．我不知道．I don't think so．我不这么认为；I don't think of it．我不认为；I can't remember it．我不记得．根据题干Sorry，Nancy，I have no idea about it，可知这里I have no idea about it意为不知道，结合选项，故选A．

【点评】理解各个选项的含义，仔细分析句子的内容，根据具体内容作答．

25．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）The young lady is a fresh hand．Give her more time，and she can do it better．（　　）

A．player B．beginner C．stranger D．officer

【考点】35：同义词、近义词的辨析．

【分析】这个年轻的女士是一个新手，给她更多的时间，她可以做得更好．

【解答】答案：B考查同义词、近义词的辨析．句意：这个年轻的女士是一个新手，给她更多的时间，她可以做得更好．player运动员；beginner新手；stranger陌生人；officer军官．根据题干The young lady is a fresh hand．可知fresh hand意为新手，结合选项，故选B．

【点评】理解各个选项的含义，仔细分析句子的内容，根据具体内容作答．

**2）从A.B.C，D 四个选项中选出最佳选项．（共15 小题，每小题1.5 分，共22.5 分）**

26．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）26．Mary is \_\_\_\_\_ eight﹣year﹣old girl with long curly hair．

A．a B．the C．an D．/

【考点】52：不定冠词（a，an）．

【分析】玛丽是一个长着长长卷发的8岁女孩．

【解答】答案：C．考查不定冠词．句意：玛丽是一个长着长长卷发的8岁女孩．a\an表示泛指；the表示特指．根据题干Mary is \_\_\_\_\_ eight﹣year﹣old girl with long curly hair．可知这里eight是元音音素开头的单词，所以用an，故选C．

【点评】仔细分析句子的结构，掌握一些固定用法，根据具体内容作答．

27．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Lily's father is learning Chinese by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_．（　　）

A．him B．his C．he D．himself

【考点】63：反身代词．

【分析】Lily的爸爸正在自己学习汉语．

【解答】答案：D

根据题意"Lily的爸爸正在自己学习汉语"，可知考查短语by oneself独自地，这是固定用法，故选D．

【点评】熟悉反身代词的基本用法，结合题意，给出答案．

28．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）﹣\_\_\_\_\_\_ is it from Liupanshui lo Guiyang？

﹣It's about 300 kilometers．（　　）

A．How much B．How many C．How soon D．How far

【考点】J5：疑问词组．

【分析】﹣﹣﹣从六盘水到贵阳有多远？

﹣﹣﹣大约三百公里．

【解答】答案：D．how much多少，how many多少，how soon多久之后，how far多远，结合下文指的是距离，故选D．

【点评】要考查特殊疑问句的疑问词组，做此类题目，一定注意答语的句意，根据答语推测所要问的内容，然后选出所需要的疑问词或疑问词组．

29．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）﹣Would you like something to drink，coffee or milk？

﹣\_\_\_\_\_\_．I would like a cup of tea．（　　）

A．Either B．Both C．Neither D．None

【考点】65：不定代词．

【分析】﹣﹣你喜欢喝咖啡还是牛奶？

﹣﹣哪一个也不喜欢．我想喝杯茶．

【解答】答案：C．考查不定代词．句意：﹣﹣你喜欢喝咖啡还是牛奶？﹣﹣哪一个也不喜欢．我想喝杯茶．neither表示两者都不；both表示两者都；Either表示两者中任何一个；none表示三者或三者以上都不．根据题干Would you like something to drink，coffee or milk？"以及I would like a cup of tea"可知既不喜欢咖啡也不喜欢牛奶，两者都不喜欢，所以要用neither．故选C．

【点评】理解各个选项的含义，及其用法的区别，根据具体内容作答．

30．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）The dictionary at the Lost and Found \_\_\_\_\_\_ be Tim's，because his name is on its cover．（　　）

A．can B．mustn't C．can't D．must

【考点】DB：情态动词．

【分析】在失物招领处的字典一定是提姆的．因为他的名字在封面上．

【解答】答案：D．考查情态动词．句意：在失物招领处的字典一定是提姆的．因为他的名字在封面上．can表示可能，must表示必须，一定．根据题干because his name is on its cover．因为他的名字在封面上．可知这里是表示肯定的意思，即在失物招领处的字典一定是提姆的．因为他的名字在封面上．故选D．

【点评】仔细分析句子的结构，掌握一些固定用法，根据具体内容作答．

31．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Teachers often tell us"Practice \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ perfect．（　　）

A．makes B．making C．to make D．make

【考点】D2：实义动词的单数第三人称形式．

【分析】老师经常告诉我们"熟能生巧"．

【解答】答案：A．考查实义动词的单数第三人称形式．句意：老师经常告诉我们"熟能生巧"．根据题干Teachers often tell us"Practice \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ perfect．可知这里Practice练习，是不可数名词，句子是一般现在时，后接动词的单数第三人称形式，即makes．故选A．

【点评】仔细分析句子的结构，掌握一些固定用法，根据具体内容作答．

32．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）The number of the students \_\_\_\_\_\_ over 2000 in our school．（　　）

A．is B．are C．be D．were

【考点】D6：系动词．

【分析】我们学校的学生人数是2000．

【解答】答案：A．考查系动词．句意：我们学校的学生人数是2000．The number of…的数量，谓语动词用单数，根据题干The number of the students \_\_\_\_\_\_ over 2000 in our school．可知这用单数is，故选A．

【点评】仔细分析句子的结构，掌握一些固定用法，根据具体内容作答．

33．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Every day，he gets up early \_\_\_\_\_\_ he can catch the first bus．（　　）

A．because B．since C．when D．so that

【考点】C3：连词辨析．

【分析】每天，他起的很早，以便他能赶上第一班公共汽车．

【解答】答案：D．考查连词辨析．句意：每天，他起的很早，以便他能赶上第一班公共汽车．because因为；since自…以来；when当…时候；so that以便．根据题干Every day，he gets up early \_\_\_\_\_\_ he can catch the first bus．可知so that引导目的状语从句，即以便他能赶上第一班公共汽车．故选D．

【点评】仔细分析句子的结构，掌握一些固定用法，根据具体内容作答．

34．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Please \_\_\_\_\_\_ the lights when you go out．（　　）

A．turn down B．turn up C．turn on D．turn off

【考点】E1：动词短语．

【分析】当你出去时请关上灯．

【解答】答案：D 考查动词短语．turnr down意为调小，turn up意为调大；turn on意为打开，turn off意为关掉，根据题干，后面说当你出去时，应该是关上灯，故选择D．

【点评】考查动词短语．准确的翻译短语的意思，根据句意选择符合句意的答案．

35．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）The harder you study，the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grades you will get．（　　）

A．well B．better C．good D．best

【考点】81：形容词的比较级和最高级．

【分析】你越努力学习你就会取得更好的成绩．

【解答】答案：B．考查形容词的比较级和最高级．句意：你越努力学习你就会取得更好的成绩．根据题干The harder you study，the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grades you will get．可知The+比较级+从句，The+比较级+从句表示越怎么样就越怎么样，即你越努力学习你就会取得更好的成绩．故选B．

【点评】仔细分析句子的结构，掌握一些固定用法，根据具体内容作答．

36．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）Jane is my new pen pal，I often look forward to \_\_\_\_\_\_ her e﹣mail．（　　）

A．receive B．receives C．receiving D．received

【考点】DF：动名词．

【分析】简是我的新笔友，我经常盼望收到她的电子邮件．

【解答】答案：C．考查动名词．句意：简是我的新笔友，我经常盼望收到她的电子邮件．根据题干I often look forward to \_\_\_\_\_\_ her e﹣mail．可知look forward doing sth，表示期待着某件事情，固定搭配．即我经常盼望收到她的电子邮件．故选C．

【点评】仔细分析句子的结构，掌握一些固定用法，根据具体内容作答．

37．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）2017 Cool City．Liupanshui Summer International Marathon \_\_\_\_\_\_ on 23rd July，（　　）

A．will hold B．holds C．will be held D．to hold

【考点】F6：时态辨析．

【分析】2017凉爽城市，六盘水夏季国际马拉松比赛将在7月23日举行．

【解答】答案：C

根据题干，可知句子的主语是六盘水夏季国际马拉松比赛，所以要用被动语态，被动语态的基本结构是be+过去分词，结合选项，故选C．

【点评】熟悉被动语态的基本用法，结合题意，给出答案．

38．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）﹣Where is your father，Jenny？

﹣He isn't at home，he \_\_\_ to Shanghai on business．（　　）

A．has been B．has gone C．went D．will go

【考点】F6：时态辨析．

【分析】﹣你的爸爸在哪里，Jenny？

﹣他不在家，他去上海经商了．

【解答】答案：B

根据意义"He isn't at home他不在家"，可知句子表达的意思是他去了某地，没回来，用现在完成时，been to曾经去过某地，人已经回来；gone去了某地，没回来，故选B．

【点评】熟悉been to和gone to的区别，结合题意，给出答案．

39．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）We still remember the lovely teachers \_\_\_\_\_\_ have taught us for 3 years．（　　）

A．who B．whose C．whom D．which

【考点】67：关系代词．

【分析】我们仍然记得教了我们3年的那些可爱的老师．

【解答】答案：A

根据题意"我们仍然记得教了我们3年的那个可爱的老师"，可知考查定语从句的关系代词，先行词是teachers，是名词人，故排除B D；此句中的先行词做主语成分，关系代词用who，故选A．

【点评】熟悉定语从句的基本用法，找准先行词，结合句意，给出答案．

40．（1.5分）（2017•贵州）﹣Do you know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at this time last night？

﹣Sorry，I don't know．

A．what she is doing B．what she was doing

C．what is she doing D．what was she doing

【考点】K5：宾语从句．

【分析】﹣﹣﹣你知道昨晚这个时候她在做什么吗？

﹣﹣﹣抱歉，我不知道．

【解答】答案：B．know后加宾语从句，引导词+陈述句语序，排除C．D．主句是一般现在时，从句时态不受限制，结合表达的是过去正在进行的动作，故用过去进行时was/were+doing，故选B．

【点评】本题旨在考查宾语从句这一语法，做这类题时，要从三方面考虑：一、选准连接词 二、连接词后紧跟从句的主语 三、若主句是过去时，从句要改为相对应的过去时．

**五、交际运用．根据对话内容，从下边方框中选出能填入对话空白处的最佳选项．（ 其中有两项为多余选项）（共1小题，每小题5分，共5分）**

41．（5分）（2017•贵州）

|  |
| --- |
| A：This way，please．  B．What can I do for you？  C．What time is the last one？  D．It takes forty minutes．  E．￥2．  F．It's my pleasure．  G：I'm not sure． |

A：Ex use me，sir？

B：（41）　B

A：I want to go to Guangqumen，but I don't know how to get the ticket from ATM（自动售票机）．

B：（42）　A

Well，just press（ 按） here．

A：How much is the ticket？

B：（43）　E

A：All right．By the way，how often do the subways come？

B：About every six minutes．

A：（44）　C

B：At 11：00 pm．

A； OK．Got it，Thank you for your help．

B：（45）　F

A； Goodbye!

B：Bye﹣bye!

【考点】LQ：补全对话．

【分析】A：对不起，先生？

B：需要帮忙吗？

A：我想去广渠门，但我不知道如何从自动售票机取票．

B：这边请．就按这里．

A：票多少钱？

B：￥2．

A：好的．顺便问一下，地铁多长时间一班？

B：大约每六分钟一班．

A：最后一班是几点？

B：11点．

A：好了，谢谢你的帮助．

B：不客气．

A：再见．

B：再见．

【解答】41．B考查句子的理解和上下文的联系，根据下一句：我想去广渠门，但我不知道如何从自动售票机取票，可知此处应该是：需要帮忙吗？故填B．

42．A考查句子的理解和上下文的联系，根据上一句：这边请．可知此处应该是：就按这里．故填A．

43．E考查句子的理解和上下文的联系，根据上一句：票多少钱？可知此处应该是：￥2．，故填E．

44．C考查句子的理解和上下文的联系，根据下一句：11点．可知此处应该是：最后一班是几点？故填C．

45．F考查句子的理解和上下文的联系，根据上一句：谢谢你的帮助，可知此处应该是：不客气，故填F．

【点评】本题考查的是情景交际，做这种题的关键是要联系上下文选择合适的选项，使文章连贯通顺．

**六、完形填空． 阅读短文，从ABCD四个选项中选出能填在相应空白处的最佳选项．（共1小题，每小题10分，共10分）**

46．（10分）（2017•贵州）If you often have a cold，headache or backache，there is something wrong with your health．Eating healthy food（46）　D　 good for our health．Tofu （豆腐），milk，vegetables are healthy for us．

Tofu is a kind of common（47）　D　 food．We often（48）　A　 it in China．Now more and more people（49）　C　 other countries think tofu is good for health，（50）　A　．They also like eating it．

Milk is（51）　C　 kind of healthy food．Every day you should（52）　B　 one or two glasses of milk．It can keep us（53）　A

Vegetables are very important．You should eat（54）　D　 them，they are nutritious（有营养的）．

As we know，it's important to keep a balanced diet （均衡饮食）．We must have the right kinds of food．We should also eat some pork，chicken and beef．We should eat more fruit and vegetables（55）　C　less meat．

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 46．A．are | B．was | C．will be | D．is |
| 47．A．Japanese | B．American | C．English | D．Chinese |
| 48．A．eat | B．drink | C．take | D．play |
| 49．A．for | B．with | C．in | D．at |
| 50．A．too | B．also | C．neither | D．either |
| 51．A．the other | B．other | C．another | D．others |
| 52．A．drinking | B．drink | C．take | D．to take |
| 53．A．strong | B．weak | C．thin | D．heavy |
| 54．A．a lot | B．plenty | C．much | D．a lot of |
| 55．A．as | B．never | C．but | D．though． |

【考点】N1：记叙文．

【分析】文章介绍了健康饮食的重要性，介绍了豆腐、牛奶和一些果蔬都是对身体有好处的．还要平衡饮食，各种食物都要适当的吃一些，多吃果蔬少吃肉．

【解答】46．D考查动词，A．are，be动词复数 B．was单数过去式 C．will be一般将来时 D．is现在时三单式，根据句子主语是Eating healthy food吃健康食物，可知动名词做主语，动词用三单式，时态为一般现在时，故选D．

47．D考查形容词，A．Japanese日本的 B．American美国的 C．English 英国的D．Chinese 中国的，根据后文We often（48）it in China我们经常在中国吃它，可知豆腐是中国常见食品，故选D．

48．A考查动词，A．eat吃 B．drink喝 C．take拿走 D．play玩，根据前一句说的食品是豆腐，可知是动词用吃，故选A．

49．C考查介词，A．for为了 B．with喝…一起 C．in在里面 D．at在…，根据other countries 别的国家，可知在某个国家用介词in，故选C．

50．A考查副词，A．too也（放肯定句句尾） B．also也（放肯定句居中） C．neither既不 D．either也（用于否定句），根据题干，可知这是肯定句，too用于肯定句并且放在句尾，故选A．

51．C考查形容词，A．the other 别的，表示特制B．other其他的，表示泛指 C．another另一个；再一个 D．others 其他的，复数形式，表示泛指，根据语境，前面介绍了豆腐，此处介绍的另一种食物牛奶，故选C．

52．B考查动词，A．drinking喝（现在分词） B．drink喝（原形） C．take 带走（原形）D．to take带走（不定式），根据should，可知should后接动词原形，结合宾语one or two glasses of milk一两杯牛奶，可知动词用"喝"，故选B．

53．A考查形容词，A．strong强壮的 B．weak虚弱的 C．thin瘦的 D．heavy胖的；重的，根据It can keep us它可以让我保持…，可知此处的it指的是牛奶，结合选项，可知牛奶能让我们身体强壮，故选A．

54．D考查形容词，A．a lot非常 B．plenty大量 C．much很多 D．a lot of大量，根据Vegetables are very important蔬菜也很重要，可知题干中的them指的是vegetables，它是可数名词复数，集合选项，A B不能接名词，much修饰不可数名词，a lot of既可以修饰可数名词也可以修饰不可数名词，故选D．

55．C考查连词，A．as 因为B．never从不 C．but 但是D．though虽然，根据前文的more fruit and vegetables更多水果和蔬菜和后文的less meat更少的肉，可知前后是转折关系，故选C．

【点评】解答完形填空题需要快速阅读全文，了解文章大意，再带着选项去读，边读边做，注意联系上下文．

**七、阅读理解．阅读短文，根据短文内容，从所给的ABCD四个选项中选出最佳选项．（短文3篇，共3小题，每小题10分，共30分）**

56．（10分）（2017•贵州）

|  |
| --- |
| Friendship Restaurant  We have different kinds of Japanese food here．The food menu is in Japanese and Chinese．All the waiters or waitresses can speak at least one foreign language．  Tel：312﹣9997 |

|  |
| --- |
| Volunteer Project  Maybe you want to help others but don't know how to do it．Then Volunteer Project will help you．Here you will get the best idea of volunteering．  Call 822﹣5566to join it．  Email address：Lisa@hot﹣mail．com |
| Dream Corner  Do you want to improve your English？Do you want to practice your English with native speakers？If yes，why not join the Dream Corner？Come here on Friday afternoon every week．  Tel：846﹣3809 |
| Red Bird Club  Do you like dancing？Do you want to show off your cool dance at parties？Join us and make your dream come true．  Closed on Tuesday．  Call 822﹣333 for information． |
| The Underwater World  Here you will find different kinds of fishes and even some kinds of sharks．You will feel you are in the sea but of course this is not true．If you like fishes，I suggest that you pay a visit to it．  Time：9：30 am﹣5：30 pm． |

56．In the Friendship Restaurant you can eat　B　 food．

A．Chinese

B．Japanese

C．English

D．French

57．Sarah wants to do some volunteer work．She can call　D　 to get some ideas．

A．846﹣3809

B．312﹣9997

C．822﹣3331

D．822﹣5566

58．Red Bird Club is closed on　A　．

A．Tuesday

B．Monday

C．Saturday

D．Thursday

59．According to the ad，you can see　C　 in the Underwater World．

A．volunteers

B．excellent dancers

C．sea animals

D．waiters and waitresses

60．If you want to practice English with native speakers，you can join　C　．

A．Red Bird Club

B．Volunteer Project

C．Dream Corner

D．Underwater World．

【考点】O9：日常生活类阅读．

【分析】短文讲的是四则广告．分别是友谊饭店，招志愿者，练习英语的梦之角，红鸟俱乐部和水下世界．

【解答】答案：56．B 细节理解题．根据表格一句子We have different kinds of Japanese food here．这里有不同种类的日本菜．可知可以吃到日本食物．故选B．

57．D 细节理解题．根据表格二句子Volunteer Project，Call 822﹣5566 to join it．可知莎拉想做一些志愿工作，可以打电话822﹣5566．故选D．

58．A 细节理解题．根据表格四句子Red Bird Club，Closed on Tuesday．可知在星期二是关闭的．故选A．

59．C 细节理解题．根据表格五句子The Underwater World，Here you will find different kinds of fishes and even some kinds of sharks．You will feel you are in the sea but of course this is not true．海底世界，在这里你会发现不同种类的鱼，甚至一些种类的鲨鱼，你会感觉到你是在海上当然这不是真的．可知可以在海底世界看到海洋动物．故选C．

60．C 细节理解题．根据表格三句子Do you want to improve your English？Do you want to practice your English with native speakers？If yes，why not join the Dream Corner？你想提高你的英语吗？你想和以英语为母语的人练习英语吗？如果是的话，为什么不加入梦之角？可知如果你想和以英语为母语的人练习英语，你可以加入梦之角．故选C．

【点评】在通读全文的基础上，根据全文大意，展开逻辑思维，瞻前顾后，认真观察选项，仔细推敲，确定最佳答案．

61．（10分）（2017•贵州）Dear friend，do you know the boy in the picture？He is Wang Yuan，a member of the Chinese boy band，TFBOYS．Do you want to know more about him？Follow me，please．

Wang Yuan was born on November 8th，2000 in Chongqing，His English

name is Ray，He is a senior high school student now，he is good at singing，dancing and playing the piano．He can also write songs alone．He and two other boys formed the boy band TFBOYS in 2013．They are very popular with the young girls and boys in China now．

On February 10th，2017，Wang Yuan made a short speech on good quality education（ 优质教育） in English at the United Nations in front of 500 people from around the world．It's great．As for middle school students，we should learn from Wang Yuan，and put our hearts into what we are difference in our doing to make a daily lives．

61．Wang Yuan was born　C　．

A．on November 8th，2013

B．on November 18th，2001

C．on November 8th，2000

D．on November 8th，2013

62．Wang Yuan's English name is　B　．

A．Jay

B．Ray

C．Lay

D．Kay

63．Wang Yuan is a talented boy，he can　D　，sing and play the piano．

A．play the drums

B．drive

C．paint

D．dance

64．Wang Yuan made a short speech in　D　 in 2017．

A．Chongqing

B．Beijing

C．Shanghai

D．the United Nations

65．What can you learn from the passage？　A

A．Working hard can make a difference．

B．Being a star can make a lot of money．

C．Wang Yuan sings well but can't write songs．

D．Four people are in the band．

【考点】O9：日常生活类阅读．

【分析】短文详细的介绍了王源同学，包括生日，爱好，所在乐队和在联合国做的演讲，号召我们应该向他学习．

【解答】答案：61．C 细节理解题．根据第二段句子Wang Yuan was born on November 8th，2000 in Chongqing，王源在2000年11月8日出生于重庆，可知出生在2000年11月8日．故选C．

62．B 细节理解题．根据第二段句子His English name is Ray，可知王元的英文名字是Ray．故选B．

63． D细节理解题．根据第二段句子he is good at singing，dancing and playing the piano．He can also write songs alone．他擅长唱歌，跳舞和弹钢琴，他也可以独自创作歌曲．可知他擅长唱歌，跳舞和弹钢琴，故选D．

64．D 细节理解题．根据最后一段句子On February 10th，2017，Wang Yuan made a short speech on good quality education（ 优质教育） in English at the United Nations in front of 500 people from around the world．在2017年2月10日，王源在联合国500人面前发表了一篇关于英语良好教育的简短演讲．可知是在联合国．故选D．

65．A 细节理解题．根据这篇文章内容及其最后一段句子As for middle school students，we should learn from Wang Yuan，and put our hearts into what we are difference in our doing to make a daily lives．作为中学生，我们应该向王源学习，用心去做我们生活中的每件不同的事情．可知努力工作可以带来改变．故选A．

【点评】在通读全文的基础上，根据全文大意，展开逻辑思维，瞻前顾后，认真观察选项，仔细推敲，确定最佳答案．

66．（10分）（2017•贵州）On a cold early morning，an old woman was carrying a big basket of cabbages on her head to the market．She hoped to sell them to the people in the town．

The mountain road was narrow（狭窄）and the old woman was walking carefully，because she did not want to lose her cabbages．

Suddenly she heard a loud bell and a bicycle came round．It passed her and went very fast down the hill．The old woman had to jump up to one side of the road so quickly that basket of cabbages nearly fell into the valley（山谷）．

She looked up，and saw that a young boy was on the bicycle．He was riding on without even looking round to see whether the old woman was all right．

The old woman began to shout，"Come back，young man!You dropped something!"

When he heard this，the boy stopped the bicycle so suddenly that he nearly fell off．Then he turned and began to push the bicycle back up to the hill．"What is it？"he asked．"What did I drop？""Little boy，"the old woman answered，"you dropped your manners．"

66．What was the old woman carrying？　D

A．A basket of eggs．

B．A basket of pears．

C．A basket of apples．

D．A basket of cabbages．

67．Why did the woman go to the town？　C

A．Because she went to see her son．

B．Because she went to buy cabbages．

C．Because she went to sell her cabbages．

D．Because she went to buy a bicycle．

68．What was the mountain road like？　B

A．The mountain road was wide．

B．The mountain road was narrow．

C．The mountain road was long．

D．The mountain road was untidy．

69．Which one is RIGHT according to the passage？　D

A．The boy stopped to buy some cabbages．

B．The boy stopped to take the old woman to the town．

C．The boy stopped to pick up the cabbages．

D．The boy stopped to ask the old woman what he dropped．

70．What did the boy drop？　C

A．The boy dropped his cabbages．

B．The boy dropped his money．

C．The boy dropped his manners．

D．The boy dropped his books．

【考点】O1：人物故事类阅读．

【分析】一天早上，一个老太婆携带一大篮子洋白菜赶往市场．她希望把菜卖给镇上的人．

山路很窄，老太太小心的走着，突然听到响亮的铃声，一个人骑着自行车从她旁边飞驰而过，几乎撞了老太太也不回头看看．老太太就开始大叫，"回来吧，年轻人！你掉了东西啦！"听到叫声那男孩突然停下自行车．回来问他丢了什么．老太太告他说，"你把你的礼貌掉啦．"

【解答】66．D细节理解题，根据an old woman was carrying a big basket of cabbages on her head to the market可知一个老太婆携带一大篮子洋白菜赶往市场，故答案为：D．

67．C细节理解题，根据She hoped to sell them to the people in the town可知她希望把菜卖给镇上的人．故答案为：C．

68．B细节理解题，根据The mountain road was narrow（狭窄）and the old woman was walking carefully可知山路很窄，故答案为：B．

69．D细节理解题，根据When he heard this，the boy stopped the bicycle so suddenly that he nearly fell off．Then he turned and began to push the bicycle back up to the hill．"What is it？"he asked．"What did I drop？．可知那男孩突然停下自行车．回来问他丢了什么，故答案为：D．

70．C细节理解题，根据you dropped your manners．可知男孩把礼貌丢了，故答案为：C．

【点评】做题时要在理解好文意的基础上，与题目有机的结合，从文章中找到相关细节性的句子与选项细细比对，进行选择或推理判断，选出符合文章内容的正确选项．做题注意灵活，有时可采用排除法或直选法确定出最终答案．

**八、选词填空．根据语境，从方框中选择恰当的短语并用其适当形式填空，每个短语限用一次．（其中有一个为多余短语）（共1小题，每小题5分，共5分）**

71．（5分）（2017•贵州）

|  |
| --- |
| give up with one's help as long as great get lost work out |

71．I think mother's love is the　greatest　 in the world．

72．If you　get lost　 in the city，you'd better ask the police for help．

73．　As long as　 I get something good，I will share it with my friends．

74．Never　give up　，you will achieve your dream．

75．Jack is smart，　with his help　，I finished my work on time．

【考点】R5：选词完成句子．

【分析】71．我认为母爱是世界上最伟大的爱．

72．如果你在城市里迷路了，你最好找警察求助．

73．只要我得到了好的东西，我就会和我的朋友分享．

74．永远也不要放弃，你就会实现你的梦想．

75．杰克很聪明，在他的帮助下，我按时完成了工作．

【解答】71．答案：greatest．考查形容词最高级．

根据"mother's love is the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the world．"空格前面是定冠词the，结合给出的英语提示，所以这句话的意思是"我认为母爱是世界上最伟大的爱．"所以要用great的最高级来填空，综上所述，故填greatest．

72．答案：get lost．考查动词短语．

根据"you'd better ask the police for help．"意思是"你最好找警察求助．"因此可知前半句的意思是"如果你在城市里迷路了，"所以这个句子的意思是"如果你在城市里迷路了，你最好找警察求助．"在if虚拟条件句中，要用一般现在时表示在将来可能存在的动作．结合给出的英语提示，所以要用get lost来填空，综上所述，故填get lost．

73．答案：As long as．考查连词词组．

根据"I get something good，"以及"I will share it with my friends．"因此可知这句话的意思是"只要我得到了好的东西，我就会和我的朋友分享．"结合给出的英语提示，所以要用as long as来填空，意思是"只要"，又因为在句首，所以要大写，综上所述，故填As long as．

74．答案：give up．考查动词短语．

根据"you will achieve your dream．"你就会实现你的梦想．结合给出的英语提示，因此可知这句话的意思是"永远也不要放弃，你就会实现你的梦想．"意思是说如果你现在不放弃的话，在将来才会实现梦想．句首用副词，对整个句子起修饰说明的作用，这是一个否定的祈使句，要用动词原形来填空．综上所述，故填give up．

75．答案：with his help．考查介词短语．

根据"Jack is smart"以及"I finished my work on time．"结合给出的英语提示，因此可知这句话的意思是"杰克很聪明，在他的帮助下，我暗示完成了工作．"所以要用with one's help来填空，由于主语是Jack，是第三人称，所以要把one's改成his，综上所述，故填with his help．

【点评】首先要掌握句子的意思，然后结合具体的题目，就可以确定正确答案．

**九、英语与生活．阅读短文，完成76 - 80题．（共1小题，每小题10分，共10分）**

76．（10分）（2017•贵州）Tanghulu，is fruit covered with sugar on a stick，a traditional snack from northern China．It's also a necessary snack during the Chinese New Year season．Recently，in northern China，people welcome the return of spring by holding the Tanghulu Fair（庙会）．

Many Chinese still remember eating Tanghulu when they were young．It is said that the fair has a 500﹣year﹣old history．Nowadays，Tanghulu is not only a kind of snack，it is also a sweet memory of our childhood．Every year，a large number of Tanghulu sellers get together to start delicious Tanghulu Competition during the Spring Festival holidays．In the past，this traditional snack only used haws（山楂），but now it also uses grapes，oranges，strawberries and so on．But people like Haw Tanghulu best．They are rich in Vitamin（维他命）C and E．Do you know how to make Haw Tanghulu？First，wash the large haws clean，dig the seeds（籽） out，and pierce（串）ten haws on a stick．Then they heat the sugar，put the sticks of haws into heated and quickly pull them out．When the sugar on the haws cools down and becomes a candy coat，the Tanghulu is done．Tanghulu is very popular in China，especially in Beijing．It also makes many foreigners want to taste it．

76．Where is Tanghulu from？　Northern China．

77．How do people welcome the return of spring in northern China？　By holding the Tanghulu Fair．

78．What do the Tanghulu sellers get together to do during the Spring Festival holidays every year？　They get together to start delicious Tanghulu Competition．

79．What kind of Vitamin is the Haw Tanghulu rich in？　They are rich in Vitamin（维他命）C and E

80．What is the passage mainly about？　Tanghulu，a traditional snack from northern China　．

【考点】P7：阅读表达．

【分析】本文介绍的是糖葫芦，中国北方的传统小吃．糖葫芦有500年的历史．不仅是一种小吃，也是我们童年的甜蜜回忆．糖葫芦在中国非常受欢迎，尤其是在北京，许多外国也人想品尝它．

【解答】76．Northern China．细节理解题，根据Tanghulu，is fruit covered with sugar on a stick，a traditional snack from northern China可知糖葫芦是来自中国北方的传统小吃，故答案为：Northern China．

77．By holding the Tanghulu Fair．细节理解题，根据in northern China，people welcome the return of spring by holding the Tanghulu Fair可知在中国北方，人们举办糖葫芦庙会来欢迎春天的归来，故答案为：By holding the Tanghulu Fair．

78．They get together to start delicious Tanghulu Competition．细节理解题，根据Every year，a large number of Tanghulu sellers get together to start delicious Tanghulu Competition during the Spring Festival holidays可知每年都有大量的糖葫芦卖家一起在春节假期开始糖葫芦比赛，故答案为：They get together to start delicious Tanghulu Competition．

79．They are rich in Vitamin（维他命）C and E细节理解题，根据They are rich in Vitamin（维他命）C and E可知 Haw Tanghulu 富含维他命C和E，故答案为：They are rich in Vitamin（维他命）C and E．

80．Tanghulu，a traditional snack from northern China主旨大意题，根据第一句可知本文介绍的是糖葫芦，中国北方的传统小吃．故答案为：Tanghulu，a traditional snack from northern China．

【点评】做题时要在理解好文意的基础上，与题目有机的结合，从文章中找到相关细节性的句子与选项细细比对，进行选择或推理判断，找出符合文章内容的正确答案．

**十、首字母填空．根据短文的大意及首字母提示，写出个单词的完全形式，使短文意思完整．（共1小题，每小题10分，共10分）**

81．（10分）（2017•贵州）Pandas are now a symbol of China．Many people around the world （81）l　ove　pandas，too．Scientists say there are now fewer than 2，000 pandas living in the forests．Another 300 or so live in 2008 or research centers in China and other countries．Pandas do not have many babies，maybe only one every two years．The babies often （82）d　ie　from illnesses and do not live very long．Adult pandas （83）s　pend　more than 12 hours a day eating about 10 kilos of bamboo．Many years （84）a　go　，there were a lot more bamboo forests and pandas in China，but then humans started to （85）c　ut　down these forests．As the forests get smaller and other human activities cause more problems，pandas cannot find enough to eat and they are having fewer babies．Luckily，Chinese government is taking actions to protect pandas．

【考点】PG：首字母阅读填空．

【分析】文章大意：主要介绍了熊猫越来越少的原因，及中国为保护熊猫做的贡献．

【解答】81题答案：love 考查首字母填空．根据文中前面的Pandas are now a symbol of China熊猫是我们中国的象征，时态是一般现在时，后面的too，时态也要用一般现在时，结合提示，应该是全世界的人们也爱熊猫，主语Many people是复数形式，后面用动词原型，故答案是love．

82题答案：die 考查首字母填空．根据文中后面的 do not live very long活的不长，动词用的是原型，and是并列关系，结合提示应该是疾病死亡，故用die，结合故答案是die．

83题答案：spend 考查首字母填空．根据文中前面的提示，应该每天花费12小时吃东西，是固定短语spend time doing sth花费时间做某事，陈述的是事实，所以时态是一般现在时，主语Adult pandas 复数形式，要用动词原型，结合故答案是spend．

84题答案：ago 考查首字母填空．根据文中后面的but then 但那以后，前面应该是很多年前，结合故答案是ago．

85题答案：cut 考查首字母填空．根据文中后面的As the forests get smaller森林越来越小，前面应该是砍伐森林，固定短语cut down，start to do sth开始做某事，结合故答案是cut．

【点评】考查首字母填空．准确的分析短文的大意，用合适的词合适的形式完成本题，使短文内容更通顺．

**十一、书面表达．（20分）**

86．（5分）（2017•贵州）看图写句子．根据图片和所给的词，各写一个完整的句子．（每幅图限写一句话，必须用上所给的词）

86．keep，quiet　Please keep quiet in the library．

87．popular，Wechat　Wechat is more and more popular．

88．rain，tomorrow　It will rain tomorrow．

89．watch，now　We are watching news now．

90．visit，last month　We visited the Great Wall last month　．

【考点】S1：小作文．

【分析】Wechat is more and more popular．微信越来越受欢迎．

more and more popular越来越受欢迎，比较级+and+比较级，越来越…

【解答】86． Please keep quiet in the library．

87． We chat is more and more popular．

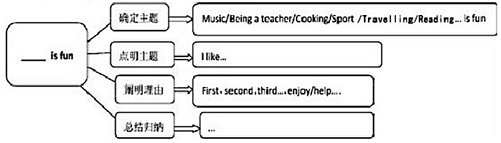
88． It will rain tomorrow．

89．We are watching news now．

90．We visited the Great Wall last month

【点评】能够根据提示进行书面表达，能够围绕主题准确使用一定的语法、词汇、短语和句型等，清楚连贯地表达自己的思想，进而完成写作任务．

87．（15分）（2017•贵州）亲爱的同学们，生活中的人或事让我们的生活充满乐趣，这些乐趣让我们的生活更精彩．请以"　Cooking　 is fun"为题写一篇英语短文



要求：1）先把题目补充完整．

2）表达清楚，语句通顺，意思连贯，书写规范．

3）短文中不得出现真实的地名或人名等信息．

4）凡照抄本试卷里的文章段落不得分．

5）词数：80词左右．

【考点】S2：提纲作文．

【分析】【高分句型一】

First，it is a good way to show my love to my parents．首先，这是一个很好的方式来表达我对父母的爱．

It+be（for sb）+to do sth"（对某人来说）做某事是…的"；it为形式主语，不定式为真正主语．

【高分句型二】

①When my new dish②is praised by others，I feel proud．当我的新菜受到别人的表扬时，我感到很自豪．

①when引导的时间状语从句

②一般现在时的被动语态，am/is/are+过去分词

【解答】Cooking is fun

I like cooking．It's one of my favorite things．（点题）

Why is cooking fun？Here are two reasons． First，it is a good way to show my love to my parents．【高分句型一】Both my parents are very busy．So when I come back home early，I'll cook for them．After they return，we sit together and enjoy the meal．I can see them smile happily．

Second．It is a kind of creation．I always try to cook different dishes．When my new dish is praised by others，I feel proud．【高分句型二】【喜欢做饭的原因】

Cooking brings me a lot of fun．（感受）

【点评】能够根据提示进行书面表达，能够围绕主题准确使用一定的语法、词汇、短语和句型等，清楚连贯地表达自己的思想，进而完成写作任务．