**2017--2018学年扬州市梅岭中学初一英语月考试题（word版含答案）**

（时间： 100分钟；命题人：姚奕；审核人：韩志华）

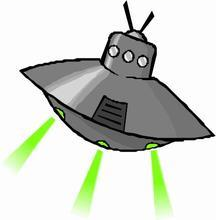
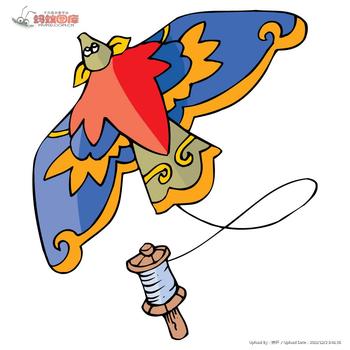
**第I卷 选择题 (共80分)**

**一、听力测试** (共20 小题；每小题1分，计20分)

I．听对话回答问题。

听下面10段对话。每段对话后有1个小题，从题中所给的**A、B、C**三个选项中选出最佳选项。（每段对话读两遍）

1. What’s it in the sky?

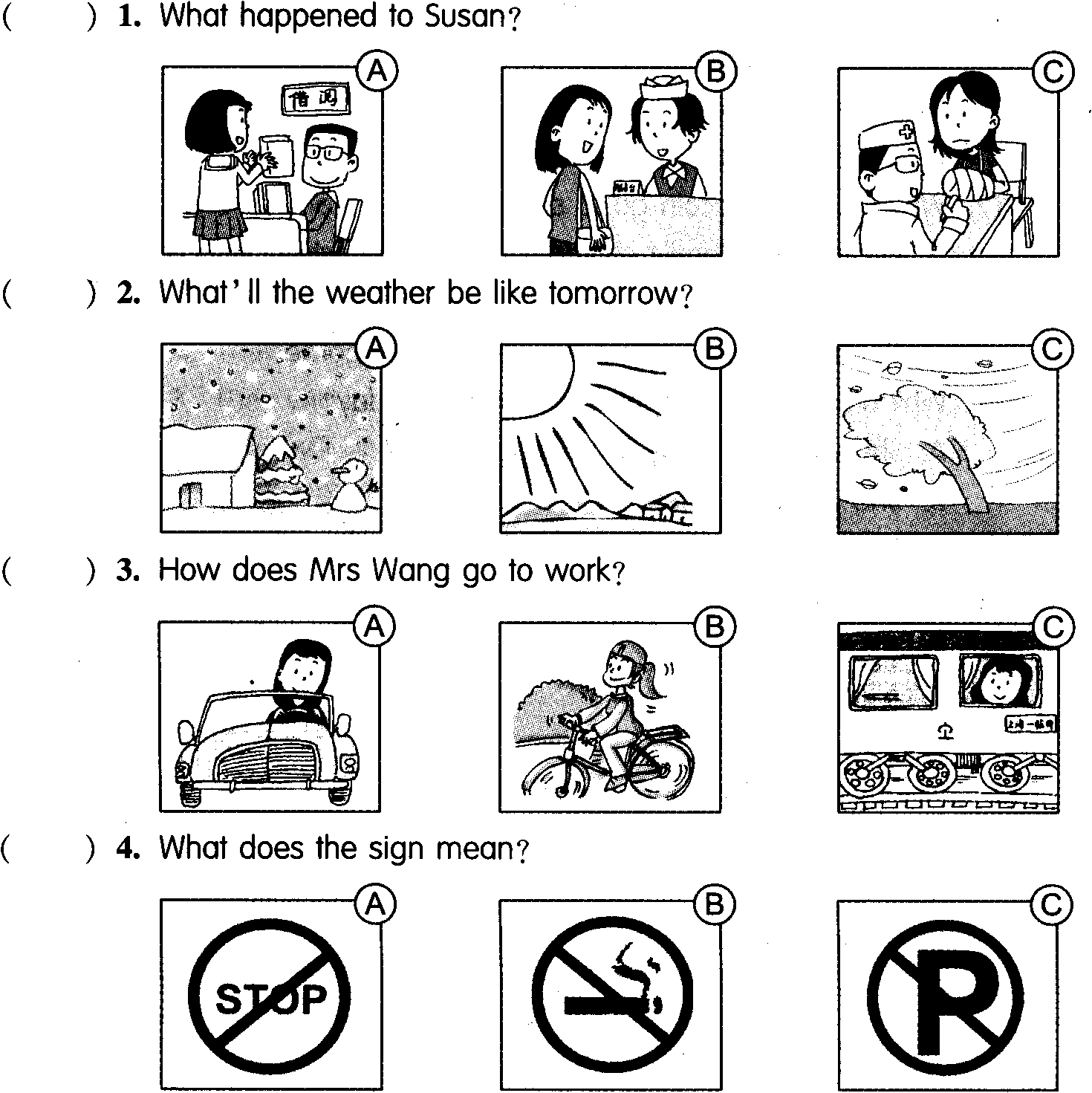
A.  B.  C. 

2. 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！How does Paul go to school?

 A. B. C. 

3. What is the boy going to do next time?



4. What sign is it about ? 

5. How many kinds of animals are there in the zoo?

A. Only 105 B. More than 150 C. Less than145

6. How does the woman feel?

A. She’s excited. B. She’s surprised. C. She’s interested.

7. Which is Jack’s favourite city?

A. Paris. B. Tokyo. C. London.

8. Where are they?

A. At the zoo. B. On the street. C. At the police st学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ation.

9. How often does the man go jogging?

A. Every day. B. Once a week. C. Twice a week.

10. Which floor does Neil live on?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. On the fourth floor. | B. On the sixth floor. | C. On the second floor. |

II．听对话和短文回答问题。（每段对话或独白读两遍）

听一段对话，回答第11～12小题。

11. What does the dog usually do in the flat?

A. He eats a lot. B. He walks a lot. C. He sleeps a lot.

12. When does the woman walk the dog?

A. In the morning. B. In the afternoon . C. In the morning and in the evening.

听第一篇短文，完成第13～15小题。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A camping trip | |
| Who to go | Alice and her friends. |
| When to start | On 13 . |
| What to do | Walk in the mountain in the morning.  Re学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ad and 14 in the camps in the afternoon.  Have a party by the fire in the evening. |
| How to feel | Not tired but had a good 15 . |

13. A. Friday B. Saturday C. Sunday

14. A. drink B. talk C. sing

15. A. time B. sleep C. breakfast

听第二篇短文，完成第16～20小题。

16. When is Mother’s Day?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A.学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ In May. | B. On the first Sunday in May. | C. On May 2.[来源:学\*科\*网Z\*X\*X\*K] |

17. Who does the housework on Mother’s Day?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A. Women. | B. Father and children. | C. Mother and children. |

18. Which is one of the b学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！est ways to celebrate Mother’s Day?

|  |
| --- |
| A. To help your mother clean her bedroom.  B. To give your mother a lot of beautiful flowers.  C. To let your mother have a good rest. |

1. What is Mother’s Day breakfast usually like in America?
2. Something strange. B. Something Mother enjoys. C. Something expensive.

20. Which of the following does the passage tell us?

|  |
| --- |
| A. Mothers are usually tired on Mother’s Day.  B. Mothers usually do not work on Mother’s Day.  C. Mothers sleep the whole day on Mother’s Day. |

**二、单项选择**（共15小题；每小题1，计15分）

21. As a girl, you should build \_\_\_\_\_\_ healthy lifestyle and don’t need to dream of \_\_\_\_\_\_ A4 waist (腰).

A. a; the B. the; 不填 C. a; an D. a; a

22. -- I don’t like my mother’s dishes.

-- Come on. can cook better, I think. At least, they are to my taste.

1. Anybody B. Everybody C. Somebody D. Nobody

23. --Do you remember fishing here before?

-学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！- Yes. There a lot of fish in the river then.

A. was B. is C. are D. were

24. \_\_\_\_\_\_ exciting news report! Our class came first in the football match.

A. What an B. What a C. What D. How

25. -- You look unhappy. What’s the matter?

-- I \_\_\_\_\_\_ down a hole but no one helped me out. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ hurt.

A. fell; fell B. felt; felt C. fell; felt D. felt; fell

26. How great and wonderful the music ! It Beethoven’s.

A. sounds like; sounds B. is sounding; sounds

C. sounds; sounds like D. is sounding; sounds like

27. -- everything ready now?

--Yes, but I don’t know to do next.

A. Does; what B. Is; what C. Does; how D. Is; how

28.The United States uses \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_energy as the whole of Europe.

1. as twice B. twice much C. twice much as D. twice as much

29. There’s a path the hills. Just go it and you’ll find the house at the end of it.

A. between; along B. through; across C. between; across D. among; along

30. The oranges in her garden are .

A. enough sweet to eat B. sweet enough to eat

C. enough sweet to eat them D. sweet enough to eat them

31. People often think the grass is always greener on side of the fence(篱笆).

A. another B. other C. the other D. others

32. -- are you going to fly to London?

-- In two months’ time.

A. How soon B. How long C. How often D. What time

1. I found interesting to know more about animals.

A. it B. it’s C. that D. that it

1. —Could I smoke here?

—Sorry, I’m afraid you . Look at the sign ***“***No smoking***”***!

1. couldn’t B. needn’t C. can’t D. won’t

35. -- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

-- The students and teachers. They are really very nice.

A. What is your school like B. How do you find your school学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！

C. What do you like about your school D. How do you like about your school

1. **完形填空** (共15小题；每小题1分，计15分)

It happened many years ago, and I was in high school then. As a student from a 36

family, I had to work on weekends to make some more money. My family was too poor to give me enough money. But one day after work I 37 my wallet.

My old car 38 gas(汽油) in the back. I paid for the gas and then put my wallet on the bumper(保险杠), and drove off. About ten minutes later, my phone rang and an old man asked me 39 I lost my wallet. I checked the 40 of my jacket and found that I really lost it. He asked me to tell him how much money was in it, and I told him. He then told me where to 41 my wallet.

As I drove into his driveway, I 42 that his car was for the disabled(残疾的). I was thinking that this man couldn’t 43 get out of car and get my wallet off the street. He had to pull over(把车开到路边), 44 in his wheelchair(轮椅), lower the lift, and then pick it up, I was 45 .

I knocked on the 46 and he told me to come in. I thanked him again and again for

47 my wallet. But I didn’t want to make him angry by giving him 48 . I really felt like giving something. So I asked him if there was anything I could do to repay(报答) his 49 , and he said, “Just pass it on.” I really wanted to 50 him, so I truly said I would.[来源:学+科+网Z+X+X+K]

36. A. strange B. poor C. happy D. small

37. A. picked B. got C. lost D. found

38. A. threw B. needed C. cost D. had

39. A. why B. how C. if D. when

40. A. corners B. parts C. sides D. pockets

41. A. pick up B. put up C. think about D. hear from

42. A. noticed B. said C. meant D. wrote

43. A. sadly B. easily C. slowly D. bravely

44. A. get B. rush C. pull D. fall

45. A. angry B. happy C. sad D. surprised

46. A. floor B. door C. board D. car

47. A. enjoying B. disliking C. finding D. hiding

48. A. money B. care C. trouble D. help

49. A. fact B. news C. luck D. kindness

50. A. call B. thank C. believe D. change

**四、阅读理解**（共15小题；每小题2分，计30分）

**A**

I was sitting by the window,

Lightly kissing my sleeping cat，

The half-finished coffee on the table，

The blowing fan on the wall，

The sweet music on the radio．

A little girl was riding a yellow bike， [来源:Z#xx#k.Com]

Slowly passing by my window,

The light wind on her face，

The flying hair behind her ears，

The quiet lazy summer afternoon．

51.What is the tone (笔调) of the poem?

A. It is strong学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！and exciting. B. It is easy and slow.

C. It is fast and worrying. D. It is quiet and sad.

52. Which is **NOT** true about the writer?

A. He was drinking coffee with a little girl. B. He was enjoying music on the radio学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！.

C. He was kissing his sleeping cat. D. He was looking out through a window.

53. This poem shows us a picture of .

A. a lazy sleeping cat B. a beautiful little girl

C. a moment in summertime D. a quiet coffee shop

**B**

It was the Greek shopkeeper who taught me about the power of being kind.

In 2008, I left Spain to study alone in London. My parents had to bring up(养育) my three younger sisters and two younger brothers, so I found three part-time jobs to pay for my studies. I worked early mornings and late nights, so I was tired, really tired, all the time.

Unluckily, I got a cold and had a very high fever. Because I was new in London, I 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！had no friends. Besides, I was too shy to talk with others and ask others for help. After sleeping on the bed for two days, I went out to get some food. Usually, I went to the supermarket, but this time I went into the Greek shop, a small corner shop, because it was closer.

I picked up some food and gave it to the shopkeeper, who asked me, ‘You look terrible, my boy! You are not feeling well, right?’ I said YES in a low voice. She pointed at the salami (腊肠) and bread I was buying and offered, ‘I can make you a sandwich, so you don’t have to do it yourself.’ I nodded without saying a word. So, she made the sandwich and asked me to wait a moment. She went into the back room and came again with a bowl of hot soup. ‘It will warm you up,’ she said with a friendly smile.

What really warmed me up was not the soup. It was her smile that told me she cared me. Her kindness(善良) made me think of my mother.

I was quite shy, but from that day on, I did not let shyness stop me from talking with and being kind to others. Now I work in a children’s hospital in Africa. I love my work and people around me. I always bring my smile and kindness to them.

54. When did the writer leave for London?

A. In 2003. B. In 2009. C. In 2008. D. 10 years ago.

55. What can we learn about the writer and his family?

A. His parents could not pay for his studies. B. There are five kids in his family.

C. The writer is the youngest child in the family. D. In 2008 the writer left London to study in Spain.

56. What happened to the writer?

A. He lost his part-time jobs. B. He had a talk with his friends.

C. He got a cold and had a very high fever. D. He was not popular at his school.

57. What did the shopkeeper not do for the writer?

A. She made the sandwich. B. She cooked a bowl of hot soup.

C. She made some bread. D. She sold him some salami.

**C**

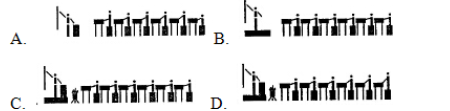
What was school like in the late 1800s? Would you like to know? To start with, imagine（想 像） everyone in school sharing only one teacher and one classroom.

In the 19th and early 20th centuries, most American students went to a one-room school. One teacher taught all the students in the school, from the first to eighth grades. A large class may have more than forty students, while a small class may have only five or six students. The youngest children sat in the front, while the oldest students sat in the back. The teacher usually taught reading, writing, math, history, and geography. Students tried to remember all the things they learned.

The classroom of a one-room school looked much like your own. The teacher’s desk was at the front of the room, however, and there was a wood-burning stove(炉子). During the winter months the 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！teacher would get to the school early to start a fire, so the room would be warm for the students.

In Honeoye Falls, New York, there is a one-room schoolhouse and children today can experience the life as a student in the late 19th century. For a week during the summer, they wear 19th century clothes and learn in the way children learned more than a hundred years ago.

58.Which of the following best shows what a one-room schoolhouse was like in the late 19th century?



59.What can we learn about one-room school from the passage?

A. Each class had the same number of students.学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！

B. In New York some students still go to one-room school.

C. The teacher not only taught but also took care of the students.

D. The classroom of a one-room school looked different from ours.

60.The underlined word “experience” in the last paragraph means “ “.

A. 体验 B. 参观 C. 模仿 D. 学习

61.What’s the passage mainly about?

A. What teachers were like in the 19th century. B. What school was like in the 19th century.

C. How students learned in the 19th century.

D. How children got to school in the 19th century.

**D**

On January 20th 2017, Donald Trump became the new US president (总统). He and his family moved into the White House. The White House is the official (官方) home of the president and his first family. The president’s office is also there. It is in Washington, DC, the capital city of the US. The White House is an American symbol (标志).

**The ‘Gold’ Office**  US presidents work in the Oval Office (椭圆形办公室). Each new president makes changes to the White House and his office. President Trump likes bright gold and yellow. He makes something gold in his office as he likes. For example, he put gold carpets (地毯) and gold curtains (窗帘) in his office.

**What’s in the White House** The White House has three floors. There are 132 rooms and 35 bathrooms. The first family sleep and eat on the second and third floor. The first lady is the hostess (女主人) here. Sometimes she throws parties with the help of other workers. There are about 96 workers in the White House.

**Easter Fun** Every year, the White House holds many interesting activities, The president and the first family invite many kids to the White House for an Easter celebration. There is a race called the Easter Egg Roll on the grassland. The activity started in 1878.

**Vegetable Garden** The White House has a big vegetable garden on the lawn (草坪). The White House kitchen uses the vegetables from the garden to cook for the first family. The White House also gives vegetables to a charity organization (慈善组织).

62.Why did Donald Trump move into the White House with his family?

A. Because the White House is the symbol of the US.

B. Because he is the President of the US now and he has to work in the office there.

C. Because the White House is in the capital city of he US.

D. Because the first family all want to move into the White House.

63.How did President Donald Trump make changes to his office?

A. Mr Trump made his office an Oval Office.

B. Mr Trump made everything in his office gold or bright yellow.

C. Mr Trump changed the gold carpet or curtains in his office and bought new ones.

D. Mr Trump changed his office by putting gold carpets and curtains in his office.

64.Which of the following is NOT true about the White House?

A. Vegetable Garden is a wonderful place for an Easter celebration.

B. The first family eat the vegetables from the vegetable garden.

C. Every year the first family invite many kids to the White House.

D. The first family don’t sleep or eat on the first floor in the White House.

65.What is the passage mainly about?

A. The president’s work. B. The president’s family.

C. The White House. D. Activities in the White House.

**第Ⅱ卷 非选择题 (共60分)**

**五、词汇运用**（共10题；每小题1分，计10分）（每空一词）

66. These paintings were treasures of (世纪，百年) ago.

67. I asked Judy some questions, but she \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_(回答)to me only with a smile.

68. The moonlight shone in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(通过) the window.

69. He is a teacher of great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(能力). He teaches very well.

70. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(点头) to me in a very friendly way when I saw her.

71. He always does his homework \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(care), so he often makes few mistakes.

72. Jack has a dog and so have I. His dog and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( I ) had a fight (打架).

73. Mary is a good softball player, so she is good at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(hit) the ball.

74. It’s very easy to get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(lose) in big cities like Shanghai.[来源:学科网ZXXK]

75. You can see beautiful trees and flowers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (cross) the bridge.

**六、任务型阅读**（共10空；每空1分，计10分）（每空一词）

Last year, I did not like my English class. Every class was like a bad dream. The teacher spoke very quickly and I couldn’t understand her most of the time. I was afraid to ask questions because I didn’t know how to read the words correctly. I just hid behind my textbook and never said anything in class.

Then one day I watched an English movie—Toy Story. I fell in love with this exciting and funny movie. So I began to watch other English movies, too. Although(尽管) I could not understand everything the characters(角色) said, their body language and the expressions(表情) on their faces help me get the meaning(意思). I understood I could get the meaning by listening for just the key words. I found out that the secret to the language learning is to listen to something interesting. I also learned some useful sentences like “It’s a piece of cake”or “It serves you right. I did not understand these at first. But because I wanted to understand the story, I looked them up in a dictionary(字典).[来源:Z。xx。k.Com]

Now I really enjoy my English class. Do you want to learn English like this?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| How I learned English | |
| Last year | I 76 my English class. It was like a bad dream.  The teacher spoke 77 quickly for me to understand most of the time. I was afraid 78 asking questions because I couldn’t read the words correctly.  I thought I had to hide behind the textbooks and say 79 in class. |
| Then | Everything changed 80 I watched an exciting and funny movie called Toy story. I was not 81 to understand everything the characters said, but I tried to get the meaning in many ways.  ※Watching their 82 languages and expressions on their faces  ※ Listening for just the 83 words.  ※ 84 a dictionary for help helped me understand the story. |
| My idea | \_\_\_\_\_85\_\_\_\_ to something interesting is the secret to language learning. |

**七、首字母填空**（共10空；每空1分，计10分）（每空一词）

*Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* is one of the most p\_\_\_86 children's books of all time. It tells the story of a young girl c 87 Alice.

The writer of the book is Lewis Carroll. In f学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！act, Lewis Carroll was not the writer's

r 88 name. His real name was Charles Dodgson. One day, he took a boat ride down the Thames River to go on a p 89 with three little girls. To make the ride i 90 , he told them a story about Alice. In the story Alice f 91 a rabbit and entered a wonderful world called Wonderland. She had many adventures in that world. The children e 92 the story ver学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！y much.  
     Charles later w 93 the story down under the name *Alice's Adventures Under Ground.*  He gave a copy to his friend George. George read it to his children and they loved it. L 94 , Charles wrote more parts to the story until it was around 35 000 words. It was first printed in 1866. The book was an immediate success. People of all ages will find the book e 95 and enjoyable.

**八、书面表达**（计30分）

**A. 句子翻译**（共5小题；每小题2分， 计10分）

96. 他努力扑灭了大火，但他的胳膊严重受伤了。

97. 这匹马太矮了够不着树上的叶子。

98. 这个小女孩不再害怕晚上独自在家了。

99. 溜冰不如骑马危险。

1. 游客们向这家西餐厅的经理抱怨糟糕的食物。

**B．写作（**计20分）

假如你叫Sandy, 学校将组织一次到何园做英文小导游的的公益活动，你很想参加。请根据下面提供的信息，用英文向苏老师写一封简短的自荐信。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 个性 | 乐于助人、友好 |
| 能力 | 1. 能歌善舞 2. 对英语很感兴趣、善于与他人沟通 3. 对何园的历史很了解 |
| 事迹 | 1. 曾参加英语演讲比赛(English speech competition )，并表现突出   2..……（自拟1-2点） |
| 希望 | 帮助游客在扬州度过愉快时光 |

具体要求如下： 1. 表达清楚，语法正确，上下文连贯；

2. 必须包括表格中所有的相关信息，并适当发挥；

3. 词数：100词左右；

Dear Mr. Su,

I’m writing to recommend myself as a volunteer guide to He Garden .

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I think I have all the qualities of being a good volunteer guide. I’m looking forward to your reply.

Yours sincerely,

Sandy

扬州市梅岭中学七年级英语质量检测

2018.05

1. 听力

1-5 CBCBB 6-10 BABCB 11-15 CCABC 16-20 ABCBB

1. 单项选择

21-25 CDDAC 26-30 CBDAB 31-35 CAACC

1. 完形填空

36-40 BCBCD 41-45 AABBA 46-50 BCADB

1. 阅读理解

51-53 BAC 54-57 CACC 58-61 DCAB 62-65 BDAC

1. 单词拼写
2. centuries 67.replied 68.through 69.abilities 70.nodded

71. carefully 72.mine 73.hitting 74.lost 75.across

1. 任务型阅读
2. disliked/hated 77.too 78.of 79 nothing 80.after

81.able 82. body 83.key 84. Asking 85.Listening

1. 首字母填空
2. popular 87.called 88.real 89.picnic 90.i学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！nteresting

91.followed 92.enjoyed 93. wrote 94. Later 95.exciting

八、翻译句子

96.He tried to put out the fire ,but his arms were badly hurt.

97. The horse is too short to reach the leaves on the tree/from the tree.

The horse is so short that it can’t reach the leaves on the tree.

1. The girl isn’t afraid to stay/be at home alone/by herself/on her own at night any more.

The girl isn’t afraid of staying /being at home alone/ by herself/ on her own at night

1. Skating is not as/so dangerous as horse riding /riding.

Horse riding/ Riding is more dangerous than skating.

Skating is less danger学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ous than horse riding/riding.

100.The visitors/tourists/travellers complained to the manager of the Western restaurant about the bad food.