2018年山东省青岛市中考英语试题（word版含答案）

# 第 I 卷（满分 30 分）

I. 单项选择（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分） 从每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

1. Could you please put some in my cup? I’d like sweet coffee.
   1. sugar B. salt C. ice D. pepper
2. We should have breakfast every day to keep healthy.
   1. a B. an C. / D. the
3. Jack is happy. Ms. Wang, an excellent teacher, teaches math this term.
   1. he B. him C. himself D. his
4. It’s my daughter’s birthday today. She’s years old.
   1. eighteen B. eighteenth C. the eighteen D. the eighteenth
5. More and more people in Qingdao go to work subway now.
   1. with B. on C. in D. by
6. This book

be Lucy’s. Look! Her name is on it.

* 1. can B. may C. must D. might

1. Anna her brother like listening to soft music.
   1. Both; and B. Neither; nor C. Either; or D. Not only; but also
2. Allen always behaves , so many people like him.
   1. easily B. politely C. friendly D. lively
3. — I can’t find my mobile phone.

— Don’t worry. Maybe you it at home.

* 1. forgot B. missed C. lost D. left

1. It is raining heavily, none of the students are late for school.
   1. although B. but C. so D. because
2. Mount Lao is one of mountains in Qingdao. Many tourists like climbing it every year.
   1. famous B. the more famous C. most famous D. the most famous
3. Larry hopes his English, so he keeps practicing it every day.
   1. to solve B. solving C. to improve D. improving
4. As students, we should ourselves. We can’t spend much time playing computer games.
   1. be responsible for B. be proud of C. be popular with D. be thankful to
5. — It’s time to work now.

— OK. I’ll wake Carl up. He for an hour.

* 1. has fallen asleep B. has been asleep C. fell asleep D. falls asleep

1. — I don’t know tomorrow.

— You can ask our teacher right now.

* 1. if we take the bus there B. when will we leave

C. what will we do D. how we will go there II. 阅读理解（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下列短文，做出正误判断或选出最佳选项。A 篇为判断正（A）误（B）题，B、C 篇 为选择题。

## A

Sometimes people cry when they are sad. Other times people cry tears of joy. But your eyes make tears all the time, whether you are crying or not. Do you know

the tears help keep your eyes healthy? They keep your eyes from drying out. A special area of the eye drips (滴) all the time. It keeps the eye humid.

If you look in a mirror, you can see tiny holes in the corners of your eyes. Each hole leads to a small tube that runs to your nose. Tears run slowly into this tube drip by drip. Day and night the

holes drain (流走) the tears away. If they didn’t, you would always look as if you were crying.

If you begin to cry, there are many more tears. The holes can’t drain all of them. Then extra tears run out onto your face.

Tears help keep eyes safe. If there is something harmful in the air, the eyes fill with tears. These tears coat your eyes. They keep the harmful air out.

Contact lenses (隐形眼镜) can make the eyes too dry. Some people have to add tears to their eyes.

They buy bottles of eye drops to keep their eyes wet.

1. Eyes make tears no matter how people feel.
2. When you cry, tears run into your nose or onto your face.
3. If there is something harmful in the air, tears protect your eyes by covering them.
4. Contact lenses make you have more tears in your eyes.
5. Tears are harmful to your eyes.

## B

|  |
| --- |
| **Living places**  The home of the elephant is in the deep forest. It is the largest of all land animals, and is found both in Asia and Africa. One of the main places in Asia where the elephant lives is the island of Ceylon. The huge forests on the island become the home of thousands of elephants. The trees grow thick and tall. They make many parts almost dark, while bright sunlight is above and around them. |
| **Living habits**  The elephant likes the deep part and the coolest places of the forest. There he will stand swinging his ears, to drive away the flies; or he will pull down a branch (树枝) from a tree to fan himself. He likes bathing, and to be near  a lake or running water. There he takes in the water with his trunk, and spreads it all over his body. |
| **Food**  The elephant enjoys the fruits in the forest, and also the leaves of the trees. There is plenty of food for him in the forests, though he is not always happy with what he finds there. |
| **Way of movement**  When a group of elephants moves about in the forest, the oldest goes first. The young elephants and their mothers are in the middle, where they are safest. Then all move along with a great noise, the branches of the trees bending and breaking before them. Though the elephant is usually harmless, no one dares to attack (袭击) a group of them moving through the forest. |
| **How people treat them**  In Asia the elephant is trained to work. At one time the African elephant also was trained. Soldiers in ancient times often went to fight on the backs of African elephants. But now the elephant that lives in Africa is illegally (非法地) hunted mainly for its valuable ivory. In order to protect them,  governments around the world have developed laws to stop this. |

1. The elephant likes the

part of the forest.

* 1. bright and sunny B. deep and cool C. dry and deep D. wet and sunny

1. Elephants like to do the following things except .
   1. bathing B. having fruits C. eating leaves D. harming people
2. Why are young elephants and their mothers in the middle while moving?
   1. To keep safe. B. To avoid making noises.

C. To break the trees. D. To walk faster.

1. What is the African elephant now mainly hunted for?
   1. Working for people. B. Fighting in the army.

C. Performing for people. D. Selling for money.

1. Which of the following sentences is **NOT** true according to the passage?
   1. Many Asian elephants live on the island of Ceylon.
   2. Elephants drive away the flies by using their ears.
   3. Elephants are always happy with the food they find in the forest.
   4. A group of moving elephants make people scared, although they are harmless.

## C

When your dream is to become a footballer and play for Barcelona, nothing should get in your way — even if you have no feet.

An 11-year-old schoolboy Gabriel Muniz, who was born without feet, will fly from his home in

Brazil to take part in the Spanish club’s summer training camp. Although he is disabled, Muniz is one of the top players at the school and captain of his gym class. He can run, dribble (运球), pass and strike the ball as well as any of his able-bodied teammates. He spends all his spare time on the football pitch.

His best friend Lucas Santos spoke about his abilities on a video for *The Sun*, “He is skillful, he goes after it, he is fearless and he knows how to organize plays. He also makes good passes.” Mum Sandra was **thrilled** that her son would achieve his dreams. She said, “He started walking before he was one. We would go after him, expecting him to keep falling, but he never fell.” Muniz’s gym

teacher added, “He is challenging the social norms (标准). When he arrived there, no one believed in

him.” But he showed to everyone that he could play as well as any other boy. So he was invited to go to Spain to show his talent.

The Spanish La Liga soccer club has offered to fly Muniz to Spain in September, where he’ll be able to show off his “fancy footwork” and meet his idol, Barça soccer player Lionel Messi.

Muniz wears a prosthetic (假体的) ankle and foot to help him get around in rainy weather. He

knows that his disability means he’ll never be able to play for a professional football team and so Muniz is hoping that football will one day become a Paralympic (残奥会的) sport.

1. Who praised Muniz’s football abilities?
   1. His idol, Messi. B. His best friend.

C. His mum, Sandra. D. His gym teacher.

1. The underlined word “**thrilled**” in paragraph 3 has the similar meaning to .
   1. excited B. worried C. disappointed D. interested
2. The time order of the following sentences is Muniz .

① played football well and became captain of his school gym class

② could walk without falling when he was very little

③ was asked to fly to Spain for a summer training camp

A. ①②③ B. ③②① C. ②①③ D. ②③①

1. We can tell that Muniz according to the passage.
   1. has difficulty in living a normal life
   2. dreams to play for a professional football team
   3. will play football for the Spanish La Liga soccer club
   4. hopes that playing football will be part of Paralympic Games.
2. Which saying can express the spirit of the passage?
   1. Failure is the mother of success.
   2. Never put off tomorrow what we can do today.
   3. Where there is a will, there is a way.
   4. A good beginning is half done.

# 第 II 卷（满分 60 分）

III. 综合填空（共 20 小题；A 每小题 2 分，B、C 每小题 1 分，满分 25 分）

A. 用所给词的适当形式填空。每词限用一次。（10 分）

make, raise, travel, watch, cost

1. — Why are they so busy?

— Because they money for homeless people.

1. Usually taking a taxi more than taking a bus.
2. The first cartoon film with sound and music in New York in 1928.
3. The Dragon Boat Festival is coming in a few days. We

*zongzi* on that day.

1. Beijing is such a fantastic place that Amy

B. 根据句意和所给汉语完成句子。每空一词。（5 分）

1. — (谁的) baseball is this?

— It belongs to Tony.

the boat races and eat

there three times.

1. Teenagers should have more
2. Believe us! We can finish the work with the
3. The mother walked into the bedroom

(机会) to make their own decisions.

(最少的) money.

(安静地) while the baby was sleeping.

1. There is a bookstore

(在……对面) our school.

C. 选择恰当的单词填空。每词限用一次。（有两个多余的选项）（10 分）

something, quickly, kept, because, slowly, them, collect, clocks, warm, through, nothing, million

The British Museum is the biggest one in the world. Inside, you feel smaller than usual. There are about a hundred things in the museum to see: 41 which have been telling the time for six hundred years, Roman money, some of the earliest books in the world, including Shakespeare’s own works...

The British Museum was set up nearly 300 years ago by a doctor, Sir Hans

Sloane. The man liked to 42 such things as books, drawings, clothes, money, animals, flowers, and also hoped that his things would be well 43 and so visited by people after his death.

His wish came true, and the museum opened in 1759, six years after Sir Hans Sloane died.

Later, more antiques (古董) arrived at the museum, more books, old and new, came to it, and more people wanted to visit it. The museum had a famous round Reading Room. There was 44

unusual in the room. Cool air came up 45 small holes in the tables. Hot air flowing under the floor kept readers’ feet 46 . Since its opening, many famous men have written and studied there, like Karl Marx. And the library is growing faster and faster — there are four kilometers of new shelves each year, 47 it attracts increasing number of tourists each year.

It is now open every day of the year, except for two holidays (New Year’s Day and Christmas).

Entrance (入场) is free. There are lots of special exhibitions and every day there are different films and talks, some of 48 for children. Small machines tell you about the museum and as you walk around it, you can look and listen at the same time. So if you are one of the British Museum’s

two 49 visitors this year, don’t try to see it all too 50 . There is a lifetime of looking in the British Museum.

IV. 阅读表达（共 10 小题，满分 20 分）

## A

阅读下面短文，完成 51 至 54 题。（满分 8 分）

“I’ve always had a pretty clear idea of what I want to do.” says Mary, a middle school student who

wants to become a [director](https://www.bls.gov/ooh/Entertainment-and-Sports/Producers-and-directors.htm) some day. You may not be as sure of your career (职业) as Mary. But you can start thinking about and planning for your future career.

The following article helps middle school students plan for careers.

## Explore (探索) your interests

Many middle school students don’t yet know what they want to do. But in fact, students may change their minds several times, perhaps even after they enter society. And some of tomorrow’s

careers might not exist (存在) today. Focusing on just one job in middle school isn’t necessary. But

looking into the kinds of careers you might like can help you succeed.

①

Understanding what you enjoy and what you’re good at is the most important step in exploring careers. If you don’t know what you want to do, you should ask yourself what you like to learn about. If you really like science, what do you enjoy about it — the lab work or the research? It’s important to think about what you like to do, because work will finally be a big part of your life.

## Discover possible careers

Once you’ve thought about the subjects and activities you like best, the next step is to look for careers that put those interests to use. If you love sports, for example, you might consider a career as a [P.E. teacher](https://www.bls.gov/ooh/Education-Training-and-Library/Kindergarten-and-elementary-school-teachers.htm) or a soccer [coach.](https://www.bls.gov/ooh/entertainment-and-sports/coaches-and-scouts.htm) If you like English, a career as an English teacher, a translator or a travelling guide might be a good choice.

②

After discovering possible jobs, you’ll want to learn more about them. Talking directly to workers on the phone, by email, or through online discussion can help you get information about what they do. Even meeting with them in person is helpful. First-hand information is necessary for you to find out if you’ll really like a career.

51. 选择最佳句子补全文章，将字母代号填写在答题卡上。其中有一项是多余的。（2 分）

* 1. Learn about yourself B. Get experience C. Do your research

① ②

1. 回答问题。What is the most important step in exploring careers?（2 分）
2. 将划线句子 It’s important to think about what you like to do, because work will finally be a

big part of your life.翻译成汉语。（2 分）

54. 用英语简要概括出本文的主旨大意。不超过 15 个单词。（2 分）

## B

阅读下面短文，完成 55 至 60 题。（满分 12 分）

The Chongyang Festival falls on the ninth day of the ninth lunar month and is also called the Double Ninth Festival. As both the month and the day are nine, it got this name. To celebrate the day,

people usually climb mountains and enjoy chrysanthemum (菊花), so the festival is also known as

the Height Ascending (登高) Festival or the Chrysanthemum Festival. In China, nine has the similar

pronunciation with the word “forever”, meaning long life. So the Chinese government set the day as the Seniors’ Day.

The festival has a history of over 2000 years. During the Warring States Period, there was the Chongyang Festival. But it was only celebrated in the imperial palace. From the Han Dynasty, it began to be popular among the common people. The name of the Chongyang Festival first appeared in the Three Kingdoms Period. During the Jin Dynasty, there were customs of enjoying chrysanthemum and drinking wines on the day. It was not **(A) officially** set as a festival until the Tang Dynasty. Since then, all the people have spent the festival with kinds of activities. In the Ming and Qing Dynasties, people in the imperial palace all ate flower cakes to celebrate. The emperor climbed the mountain on the day as well. In 1989, the Chinese government set the day as the Seniors’ Day.

As September has the clear sky and fresh air, it is a very good time to climb the mountain. There will be a happy sense of excitement by climbing the mountain in this season. Also, it is good for health. Since the Western Han Dynasty, it has been the custom of climbing on the Chongyang Festival.

On the day, enjoying chrysanthemum is very popular as the flower means long life. Drinking chrysanthemum is regarded as a way to prevent disasters and bad things. Inserting Zhuyu and

sticking chrysanthemum are also traditions to avoid the bad as **(B) they** have special smells which can repel (驱逐) insects and keep out the cold.

Eating Chongyang cakes is another tradition on the festival. There is no fixed way of the cake but

the one with nine layers (层) with two sheep on it is the best. Two sheep means Chongyang. Nine

layers show people could do well in everything.

55. 回答问题。How many other names does the Chongyang Festival have?（1分）

56. 根据短文内容，猜测**(A)**处划线单词**officially**的意思。将字母代号填写在答题卡上。

（1分）

A. 办公室 B. 官方 C. 民间

57. 用英语列举人们在重阳节登山的两个原因。（4分）

①

②

58. 从文中找出**(B)**处划线单词**they**所指代的内容。（1分）

59. 从文中找出与 “The best cake has nine layers and two sheep on the top though there are different cakes” 意思相同或相近的句子。（2分）

60. 根据短文内容填空。每空不超过3个单词。（3分）

There have been many traditions and customs on the Chongyang Festival. People show respect for the seniors, ① , ② , ③ , insert Zhuyu and enjoy chrysanthemum.

V. 书面表达（满分15分）

现在，中学生在校内能保证一定时间的运动量，但在校外普遍缺少运动甚至不运动。请就 此现象写一篇短文，谈谈你的看法。内容包括：

1. 缺少运动甚至不运动的原因；

2. 缺少运动甚至不运动对学生的影响；

3. 针对这种现象提出合理的改善建议。

要求：1. 词数：80—100（开头已给出，不计入总词数）；

2. 文中不得出现真实的校名和人名。 参考词汇：be short of 缺少

Many students are short of exercise in their spare time now.

参考答案

**I卷**

1 - 5、 ACBAD

6 - 10、 CABDB

11-15、DCABD

16-20、ABABB

21-25、BDADC

26-30、BACDC

**II卷**

31、are raising

32、costs

33、was made

34、will watch

35、has traveled

36、Whose

37、chances

38、least

39、quietly

40、opposite

41、clocks

42、collect

43、kept

44、something

45、through

46、warm

47、because

48、them

49、million

50、quickly

51、A C

52、Understanding what you enjoy and what you are good at

53、考虑你喜欢做什么很重要，因为工作最终会是你生命中的一大部分。

54、How to find your future career as a middle school student。

55、Four other names

56、B

57、September has the clear sky and fresh air ,it is very good time toclimb the mountain.

    There will bea happy sense of excitement by climbing the mountain in this season。Also ，it is good for health.

58、Zhuyu and chrysanthemum

59、There is nofixed way of the cake but the one with nine layers with two sheep on it is thebest。

60、climbing，drinking chrysanthemum，eating Chongyang cakes