**2018年江苏省泰州市中考英语试卷（word版含答案）**

**第一部分 选择题（共60分）**

**一、单项选择从下列每题所给的选项中，选择一个最佳答案。（15分）**

1. Among all Chinese traditional arts, Nancy likes \_ Beijing Opera best because it is really\_\_\_\_\_ fun.

A. /； a B. / ； / C. the； a D. the； /

2. It’s \_\_\_\_\_for you to keep secrets for your friends. In this way，you can win their trust.

A. strange B. necessary C. possible D. lucky

3. About how to achieve a balance between hobbies and schoolwork，Justin asked me for my\_\_\_\_\_.

A. position B. attention C. suggestion D. introduction

4. Many tourists prefer five-star hotels because they think expensive hotels always\_\_\_\_\_ guests with better service.

A. prevent B. protect C. present D. provide

5. *Amazing China* (《厉害了，我的国》)wins high praise from the public. I think the documentary is well worth\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. watch B. to watch C. watching D. watched

6. Not only children but also my husband\_\_\_\_\_\_crazy about the movie *Operation Red Sea* (《红海行动》

A. is B. are C. am D. be

7. Mum won’ t let Simon go out unless he promises to be back \_\_\_\_\_\_10 o’ clock tonight.

A. till B. before C. as D. since

8. Be patient! Give him more time，\_\_\_\_\_\_he will find the answer to the question on his own.

A. but B. or C. and D. so

9. —Great changes have taken place in our hometown over the past years.

—Yeah. Things \_\_\_\_\_\_different when we were young.

A. have been B. are C. will be D. were

10. —Good news! China won a gold at PyeongChang Winter Olympic Games.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_，we won six silvers.

A. Moreover B. However C. Instead D. Otherwise

11. —More and more people give out “red packets” on WeChat to celebrate festivals.

—That’s true. I have just received\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from my friend.

A. it B. that C. one D. them

12. To keep children away from danger during the coming summer holiday, parents \_\_\_\_\_give them some safety tips.

A. should B. may C. could D. might

13. —I’d like to choose light blue as the color of our bedroom.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_ . The color brings us a calm and peaceful feeling.

A. No way B. Sounds great C. In your dream D. I can’t decide

14.—Simon failed the exam again.

—That’s not surprising. Computer games \_\_\_\_\_too much of his time.

A. take in B. take on C. take off D. take up

15.—Could you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—Last month.

A. how long Daniel has been away from Taizhou

B. how long Daniel stayed in Taizhou

C. when Daniel will come back to Taizhou

D. when Daniel left Taizhou

**二、完形填空 阅读短文 从每题所给选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(15分)**

Last autumn, my 80-year-old grandmother was having problems with her heart. My family sent her to the 16 .

After a careful examination, a famous doctor told my grandmother, “You have such a 17 heart condition that you should have an operation.”

“But the complications (并发症) can happen.” the doctor 18 my grandmother and looked at her worried face.

The doctor went on to say that she would have a 40 percent possibility of having a heart trouble 19 the operation, a 35 percent possibility of being unable to stand up, and even 20 percent of 20 on the operating table because of her old age.

My grandmother was terribly surprised and quickly said, “Doctor, since you’re talking about these 21 , I have one for you: there is a 100 percent possibility that you won’t operat on me! ”

22 these words, my grandmother got up and 23 the doctor’s office.

The next day, my grandmother went to 24 doctor’s office. There she was also told she needed an 25 . The doctor also said that her 26 might cause some problems. 27 he was quite sure about the success of operation.

My grandmother might be brave, but she is not silly. She then asked the doctor, “If I am your mother, what will you 28 ?”

The doctor walked up to her, smiled, put his arms 29 her, and said, “Mom, let’s have the operation!”

My grandmother had the operation and came outy 30 ! Her positive attitude (乐观的心态) added many wonderful and happy years for her and enjoy live with my family.

16. A. park B.hotel C. restaurant D. hospital

17. A. wonderful B. serious C. difficult D. proper

18. A. advised B. warned C. promised D. encouraged

19. A.during B.before C. till D. against

20A.fighting B.hurting C.returning D.dying

21. A. actions B. changes C. possibilities D. conditions

22. A. At B.With C.for D.By

23. A. Left B. researched C. passed D. visited

24. A. other B. the other C.another D.one

25. A. operation B.experience C.offer D.examination

26. A. weight B. height C.length D.age

27. A. when B. if C. but D.because

28. A. imagine B. recommend C.mind D.need

29. A. over B.above C.around D.below

30. A.fine B.disabled C.dead D.sad

**三、阅读理解 阅读下列短文，根据短文内容选择最佳答案。(30分)**

**A**

As you enjoy the great beauty of Big Bend National Park， Safety comes first． By giving careful thought to your actions， you can have a safe，exciting， and happy time in it．  
    Driving  
    • Be careful with the speed limit in the park， and look out for monkeys and rabbits along roads， especialy at night．  
    • Stop on the side of the roads when you want to take pictures-do not stop on roadways．  
    • Take more than enough water， food， and sleeping bags． If your car breaks down， stay with it． It is much easier for others to find a car on a road than a person walking through the forest．  
    Fire  
    • Wood fires and ground fires are not allowed in the park．  
    • Pay more attention when smoking．  
    Wildlife  
    • Never feed wildlife．  
    • Watch your children closely．  
    • If you meet a tiger or a lion， back away． If you think it may attack you，wave your arms， throw stones， and shout but never run． Poisonous（有毒的） snakes are active during warmer months． Carefully check your shoes before putting them on and your sleeping bags before using them. Carry a flashlight（手电筒） at night． Keep away from bushes．

31. From the passage we can know that \_\_\_\_\_\_in Big Bend National Park.

A. lions won’t attack tourists B. there is danger for tourists

C. snakes are active during winter D. you can’t find monkeys or rabbits

32. When your car breaks down in Big Bend National Park, you can \_\_\_\_\_.

A. stay with it waiting for help B. make a fire with wood

C. walk through the forest D. go and find someone to fix it

33.If a lion or a tiger attacks you in Big Bend National Park, you can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. run away quickly B. let children play with them

C. throw stones at them D. use a flashlight to scare them away

34. According to the passage, you might \_\_\_\_\_\_in Big Bend National Park.

A. drive as fast as you can B. take sleeping bags with you

C. give food to wild animals D. walk around in bushes in summer

35. What’s the passage mainly about?

A. How to protect yourself against wildlife.

B. The great beauty of Big Bend National Park.

C. Big Bend National Park’s safety instructions.

D. Things to do while driving in Big Bend National Park.

B

That year, I was a Junior 2 student. Falling off the stairs hurt me in the head. Almost everyone thought I was dead. But they were wrong. However, it was difficult to get back to normal (正常的) life. I had to leave school and learn everything, walking, talking, and yes, maths.

To help me with that task, Mrs. Pillar volunteered to come to the hospital and later to my house once a week. We began with basic maths skills, As time passed by, I made progress.

I remembered very vividly how she came to my home on Sundays, sat with me at the kitchen table, and threw different coins on the talbe. She asked me to show her 38 cents, 17 cents, 63 cents. It was challenging, but she also made it fun.

After a year and a half, I had progressed a lot, both in body and mind, to return to school. Seven years later, I graduated from the University of Texas at the top of my class.

As year went by, I always kept in touch with Mrs. Pillar. Unluckily, one day my parents told me that Mrs. Pillar had been in hospital because she suffered a stroke(中风).

Now it was my turn to help her. Mrs. Pillar lay in bed, unable to speak and know anyboay around. I pulled some coins out of my pocket, dropped them on her bed, and asked her to show me 12 cents. The nurse thought that my action was very strange until one day Mrs. Pillar smiled happily as I began working with her—just as she had worked with my years before. She make progress every day and was moved out of ICU(重症监护室) and finally out of hospital.

One day, I called to wish her a happy New Year. She spoke into the phone excitedly, “Happy New Year to you and your family, Michael. Thank you for everything you’ve done for me.” I quickly said, “Thank you for everything you’ve done for me.”

Mrs. Pillar was one of my Junior 2 teachers, but she taught me so much more about life than only maths.

36. Which of the following is the correct order of what happened in the story?

a. Mrs. Pillar suffered a stroke and was in hospital.

b. I fell of the stairs and had to leave school.

c. I returned to school with Mrs. Pillar’s help.

d. Mrs. Pillar got better with my help.

A. b-c-d-a B. c-a-b-d C. b-c-a-d D.b-d-c-a

37. What does the underlined word “vividly” mean in Paragraph(段落) 3?

A. 模糊的 B. 清晰地 C. 彻底地 D. 感激地

38. What does the writer mean by saying “… I graduated from the University of Texas at the top of my class” in Paragraph 4?

A. He was clever than his classmates.

B. He worked very hard on maths.

C. His classmates failed to graduate.

D. Mrs. Pillar’s help greatly influenced him.

39. The writer asked Mrs. Pillar to show him 12 cents in the hospital in order to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. help Mrs. Pillar just as Mrs. Pillar helped him

B. play an interesting game with Mrs. Pillar

C. see whether Mrs. Pillar was getting better

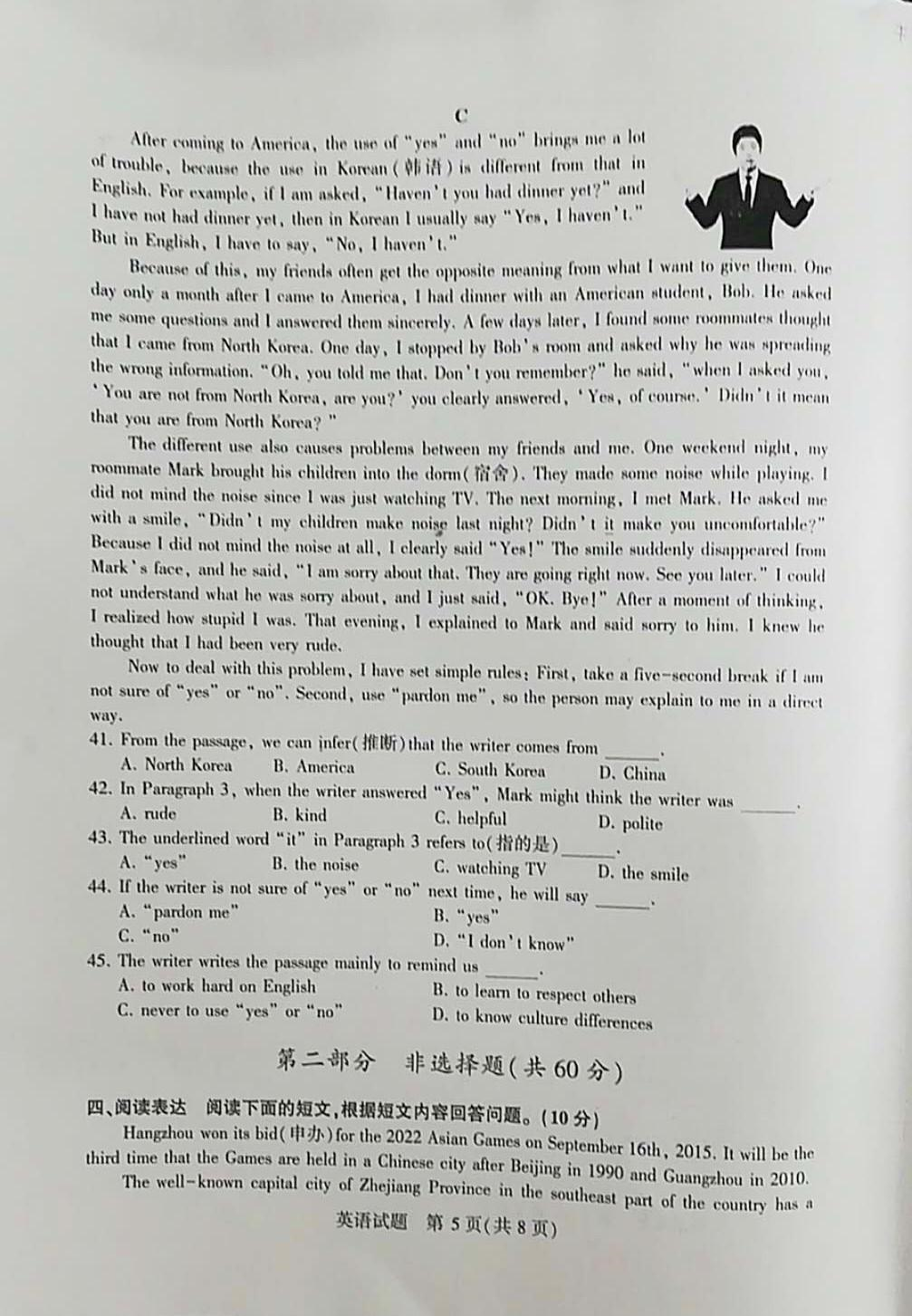
D. make the nurse in the hospital feel strange

40. What is the best title for the passage?

A. A Great Teacher B. Always Have A Dream

C. Never Give up D. Kindness Makes Wonders

C

 After coming to America, the use of “yes” and “no” brings me a lot of trouble, because the use in Korea (韩语) is a different from that in English. For example, if I am asked, “Haven’t you had dinner yet?” and I have not had dinner yet, then in Korean I usually say “Yes, I haven’t.” But in English, I have to say, “No, I haven’t.”

Because of this, my friends often get the opposite meaning from what I want to give them. One day only a month after I came to America, I had dinner with an American student, Bob. He asked me some questions and I answered them sincerely. A few dyas later, I found some roommated thought that I came from North Korea. Ond day I stopped by Bob’s room and asked why he was spreading the wrong information. “Oh, you told me that. Don’t you remember?” he said, “When I asked you ‘You are not from North Korea,are you’you clearly answered, ‘Yes, of course.’ Did n’t it mean that you are from North Korea?”

The different use also causes problems between my friends and me. One weekend night, my roommate Mark brought his children into the dorm(宿舍). Them make some noise while playing. I didn’t mind the noise since I I was just watching TV. The next morning, I met Mark. He asked me with a smile, “Didn’t my children make noise last night? Didn’t it make you uncomfortable?” Because I did not mind the noise at all, I clearly said “Yes!” The smile suddenly disappear from Mark’s face, and he said, “I am sorry about that. They are going right now. See you later.” I could not undestand what he was sorry about, and I just said, “OK. Bye!” After a moment of thinking, I realized how stupid I was. That evening, I explained to Mark and said sorry to him. I knew he thought that I had been very rude.

Now to deal with this problem, I have set simple rules: First, take a five-second break if I am not sure of “yes” or “no”, Second, use “pardon me”, so the person may explain to me in a direct way.

41. From the passage, we can infer (推断) that the writer comes from \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. North Korea B. America C. South Korea D. China

42. In Paragraph 3, when the writer answered “Yes”，Mark might think the writer was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. rude B. kind C. helpful D. polite

43. The underlined word “it” in Paragraph 3 refers to (指的是) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. “yes” B. the noise C. watching TV D. the smile

44. If the writer is not sure of “yes” or “no” next time, he will say\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. “ pardon me” B. “yes” C. “no” D. “I don’t know”

45. The writer writes the passage mainly to remind us\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. to work hard on English B. to learn to respect other

C. never to use “yes” or “no” D. to know culture differences

**第二部分 非选择题 (共60分)**

**四、阅读表达 阅读下面的短文，根据短文内容回答问题。(10分)**

Hangzhou won its bid(申办) for the 2022 Aian Games on September 16th, 2015. It will be the third time that the Games are held in a Chinese city after Beijing in 1990 and Guangzhou in 2010.

The well-known capital city of Zhejing Province in the southeast part of the country has a population of 8.9 million. It is a beautiful city with a long history and it has been developing rapidly in recent years. Hosting the Asian Games will give the city another chance to grow.

“We have seen here the strong wish and the great effort of Hangzhou to host the19th Asian Games,” The OCA(亚奥理事会) president praised.

The Games are set to include 36 to 40 sports. Thirty venues (场馆) have already been completed, while several others are still being built and will be put into use on year before the Games. The Asian Games will be held from September 10 to 25, when the temperature is around 200C.

“There is no doubt that the event will attract more visitors to experience the beauty and charm of this amazing city. At the same time, more roads will be built and the underground will be added, reducing heavy traffic. But the best part is that it will give us the chance to watch world-class competitions close to our homes.” Shao Lin, a local people, told the reporter excitedly.

With the Asian Games in Hangzhou in September and the World Cup in Qatar(卡塔尔) in November, 2022 will be an exciting year for Asians, especially Chinese sports fans.

Hangzhou is trying its best to get ready for the big sports show. Hangzhou is waiting to see you in 2022.

回答下面5个问题，每题答案不超过六个词。

46. In which province will the 2022 Asian Game be held?

47. How many Chinese cities have already held the Asian Game so far?

48. Why will Hangzhou Asian Games be held in middle September?

49. What is the best about Hangzhou Asian Games for Shao Lin?

50. In which year will the World Cup be held in Qatar?

**五、任务型阅读 阅读下面一段短文，并根据所读内容在文章后表格中的空格里填入一个最恰当的单词，每个空格只填一个单词。(10分)**

Giving a speech in front of your class can be challenging. However, you can do something to make it success. First of all, you need to do something about your topic. For example, choose a topic about something you like, such as something that interests you or someone who is close to you. Once you’ve chosen your topic, try to find useful information about it online or from the library. As you do this, write down the information that supports your ideas in a valuable way.

Rehearsing(排练) your speech is also important. For this, you’d better write the script (讲稿) just like talking to your friends. Keep your script simple. Use interesting examples or stories to show your ideas. Once you finish your script, read it out loud to yourself and remember it. After that, write down 2 to 3 points that you may forget on a note card. Finally, you have to practice your speech in front of something or someone until you don’t have to look at your note card.

In the end, it’s time to give the speech. At this time, stand straight and hold your head high. This will show that you’re confident. Show your listeners that you’re excited by smiling before you begin and throughout the speech. Pause(停顿) after finishing a sentence, or after saying an important point. It will allow you time to collect your thoughts.

If you’re out of breath while speaking or if your words start running together, you’re most probably speaking too fast. If this happens, take a breath and slow down. Whild talking, look at your listeners, like friends. What’s more, if you don’t remember the next word or line, pause for one or two seconds to look at your note card. Before you begin speaking, take a deep breath, smile at your listeners, and then go on.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| (51) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to give a successful speech | |
| (52) \_\_\_\_\_\_for your speech | • Choose a topic you are (53)\_\_\_\_\_\_in.  •Collect information on your topic from books or on the (54)\_\_\_\_\_.  • Write down the useful information. |
| Rehearse your speech | •Write a script in a (55) \_\_\_\_\_\_way.  • Read the script, and make a note card that can help you (56) \_\_\_\_\_ the content.  •Keep (57) \_\_\_\_\_your speech until you can make it very well. |
| Give your speech | • Use proper body language to show that you are (58) \_\_\_\_ and excited.  • Pause at the (59) \_\_\_\_\_\_of a sentence or after saying an important point. |
| • (60) \_\_\_\_\_speaking too fast.  • Look at your listeners while giving the speech.  • If you forget what to say next, look at your note care, breathe deeply, smile at your listeners, and then go on. |

**六、词汇运用 根据括号内含有提示填词，或用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。(10分)**

**A. 根据句意和汉语提示，在空白处填入一个适当的单词(每空限一词) 。(5分)**

61. Shared bikes can help people travel around freely in cities without \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(污染).

62. Last weekend, at the welcome party, the host \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(介绍) the history and culture of Taizhou to the guests.

63. People all over the country feel proud that all China’s spacecraft have \_\_\_\_\_(成功地) returned to the earth.

64. The driver \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(后悔) his carelessness in diving and went to the hospital to say sorry to his passengers.

65. The Hong Kong—Zhuhai—Macao is considered as one of the “seven wonders of the \_\_\_\_\_\_(现代的) world. ”

**B. 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空(每空不限一词) 。(5分)**

66. As China continues developing quickly, the Chinese language becomes \_\_\_\_\_\_(popular) than before.

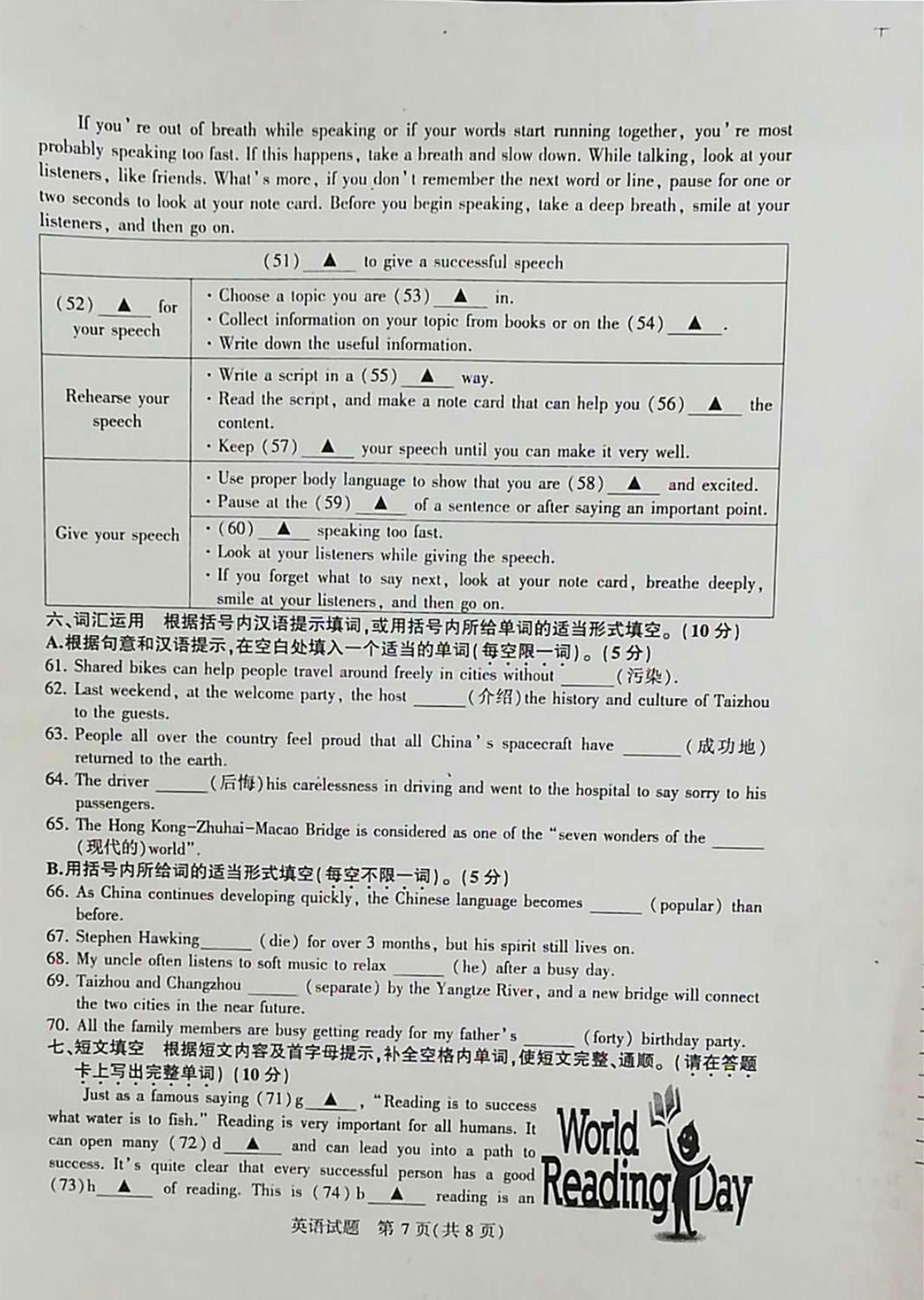
67. Stephen Hawking \_\_\_\_\_\_(die) for over 3 months, but his spirit still lives on.

68. My uncle often listens to soft music to relax \_\_\_\_\_(he) after a busy day.

69. Taizhou and Changzhou \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(separate) by the Yangtze River, and a new bridge will connect the two cities in the near future.

70. All the family members are busy getting ready for my father’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(forty) birthday party.

七、短文填空 根据短文内容及首字母提示，补全空格内单词，使短文完整、通顺。(10分)

Just as a famous saying (71) g \_\_\_\_\_, “Reading is to success what water is to fish.” Reading is very important for all humans. It can open many (72) d\_\_\_\_\_\_and can lead you into a path to success. It’s quite clear that every successful person has a good (73) h\_\_\_\_\_of reading. This is (74) b \_\_\_\_\_reading is an important way to get the information required to understand something. For example, a good doctor has to know the latest development in (75) m\_\_\_\_\_\_\_by reading.

Then, how can you develop an interest in reading? There is only one way. Let me explain this to you. If you want to learn how to ride a bike, you have to get on the bike as many times as possible (76) u\_\_\_\_\_\_ you can ride skillful (). It works the same way with reading. If you want to improve your reading, try to read as (77) m\_\_\_\_\_\_as you can. When you finish reading your first book, take another book kand do the same. If you are going out, take a magazine, a book, an article or something (78) e\_\_\_\_\_\_to read. When you are reading, try to understand (79) w\_\_\_\_\_message the writer is giving to you.

So, parents should help to get their children to read as early as possible. Studies have (80) s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that reading to your unborn child is very good. In this way, your child will like reading later.

Reading is always a wonderful time. Good books are good friends.

**八、书面表达(20分)**

假如你是李华，你们学校正在对本校学生英语学习的情况进行调查，并征求同学们对英语教学的建议。请按下表提示，用英语写一篇短文，谈谈你的英语学习情况以及你对老师教学的建议。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 项 目 | 内 容 |
| 你对英语的认识 | 1. 英语是世界上使用最广泛的语言；  2. 英语有助于了解世界上不同的文化；  …… |
| 你目前的英语水平 | 1. 能用英语与同学进行简单的交流；  2. 喜欢演讲，去年在校演讲比赛中获奖；  …… |
| 你英语学习中存在的问题 | 1. 不能正确地运用语法规则；  2. 写作中有时不能清楚地表达自己；  …… |
| 你对英语教学的建议 | …… (考试自己发挥，至少一点) |

要求：

1. 词数100左右。开头及结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

2. 所写内容必须包括表格中所提供的信息，并可作适当的发挥。

3. 不得出现真实的人名、校名、地名等相关信息。

I am Li Hua.

I wish our school will consider my advice.

参考答案

1-10.BBCDC ABCDA 11-15.CABDD

16-30.DBBAD CBACA DCBCA

31-35.BACBC 36-40.CBDAD

41-45.CABAD

46.Zhejiang province．

47.Two    
48..Because 49It will give us the chance to watch world-class competitions close to our homes50

50．2022

**5**1．How；

52．Prepare

53．Interested

54．Internet

55．simple  
56．Remember

57．practcing；   
58．Confident

59．End

60．Avoid

**61.**pollution．

62.introduced．

63.successfully．

64.regretted．

65. modern．

66. more popular．

67. has been dead．

68. himself．

69. are separated．

70. fortieth．

**7**1．goes  
72．Doors

73．Habit

74．Because

75．medicine  
76．until  
77．Much

78．else   
79．What

80．Shown

书面表达

I am Li Hua． I'm very happy to have you as our English teacher．As the world is becoming a global village，English is getting more and more important．Therefore，mastering English means we can see the world through a new window．【高分句型一】（对英语学习的认识）  
      My English is just OK and the two main problems in my study are that I feel it difficult to learn words by heart，and that I often feel nervous when speaking English．【高分句型二】（自己目前的英语水平以及存在的主要问题）I really hope that you can give me good advice on how to memorize new words．Another suggestion is to give us more chances to practice speaking．I believe we can make much progress in English with your help．（对英语教学的两点建议）  
    I wish our school will consider my advice．